

The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XIII.

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1901.

NO. 31

LOCAL NOTES.

—Choice clover and timothy seed at B. O'Connor & Sons'.

—Men's, boys' and children's hats and caps at cost to close. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—The lowering of the Millerstown dam caused a number of well in the town to go dry.

—Entire stock wall paper 8c. double roll to close, worth 12 to 20 cents. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., sells and recommends all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—M. L. Rex and Z. T. McDonald attended the reunion of the 22nd Pennsylvania Cavalry at Marklesburg last Friday.

—H. E. Dell and family, of Altoona, have been spending the past ten days among friends in Mapleton and Union township.

—William Chilcote and family, of Morrisdale Mines, are guests of the family of his father, Reuben Chilcote, in Smith valley.

—For sprains, swellings and lameness there is nothing so good as Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Try it. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Ira V. Rex and family, of Wilkesburg, arrived in Mapleton Sunday and will remain a short time with friends and relatives.

—M. L. Neice and wife left last Wednesday on a trip to Chicago. Their daughters, Pearl and Meda, accompanied them as far as Pittsburg.

—The railroad contractors are building a retaining wall from the station grounds along the lot of M. L. Rex to make room for a side track at this station.

—Alfred Carothers and family, of Sharpville, and John Weimer, of Osceola Mills, spent a portion of the past week in Mapleton as guests of D. B. Miller and wife.

—Mrs. James P. Kidder, of Steele, North Dakota, who is visiting parents and friends in this county, is spending this week with relatives in Mapleton. She appears to be enjoying her visit.

—W. H. Stonebraker has purchased the store of Gillam & Myton at Mill Creek. Mr. Stonebraker is one of Huntingdon county's shrewd business men and we wish him great success in the new venture.

—When you have no appetite, do not relish your food and feel dull after eating you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Samples free at J. G. Gillam's store.

—Special sale of lot men's, ladies and misses' dress shoes, only one or two pairs of a lot, worth \$1.50 to \$2.00, placed on our bargain counter for \$1.20. Lot of misses' and children's shoes worth \$1.00, for 75c. B. O'Connor & Sons.

—Oliver Chilcote and two sons, of Pittsburg, have been visiting among friends in Mapleton and Mount Union for the past ten days. Mr. Chilcote is employed with the water department of Pittsburg and is getting along nicely.

—Much game was shot in this section during the first few days of the hunting season. A large number of wild turkeys were brought in and in one case a flock of tame turkeys suffered. James C. Dell, of Hare's valley, lost five in one day.

—L. C. Corbin, of Juniata township, was recently a visitor to Mapleton at which time he was circulating a petition praying for the erection of a county bridge across the mouth of the Rays-town branch. He received many signatures.

—A stamping pattern agent turned up in Shenandoah last week, and, it is said, induced several persons to pay him \$1.50 each, he guaranteeing to furnish them employment to pay at least \$3 per week. A lady was to call next day with fifty patterns to start with, and give instructions in the art of pattern making. She evidently took the wrong train, or does not exist, for she is yet to arrive.

—The appearance of a bear back of the Barkley orchard has created a great stir among our local hunters. We understand T. M. Wood got a shot at it last week but failed to secure the prize. Another party got in close proximity to it yesterday.

—When you cannot sleep for coughing, it is hardly necessary that any one should tell you that you need a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to allay the irritation of the throat, and make sleep possible. It is good. Try it. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—A new remedy for biliousness is now on sale at J. G. Gillam's store. It is called Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. It gives quick relief and will prevent the attack if given as soon as the first indication of the disease appears. Price, 25 cents per box. Samples free.

—Mr. and Mrs. George Strunk, of Burlingame, Kansas, were recent guests of J. D. Sloan and W. T. Boring's families. They were former residents of this state but had not been in this section for a quarter of a century. They found many changes but were pleased with their visit.

—We find these two items concerning Huntingdon county friends in the Wamego (Kansas) Times of last Friday: Misses Ida and Emma Chilcott, of Colfax, Pa., were in Wamego a few days this week visiting their cousins, the Chilcott family. *** Dr. B. F. Chilcott, of Osborne, was in Wamego the first of this week visiting his cousin, Elihu Chilcott.

—The new game and fish laws and warden and forestry law of the state, as compiled by Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth Beidler, is now ready for distribution. It is a remarkably accurate compendium and will be much in demand from hunters and fishermen. Of the 25,000 printed 6,000 go to the senate, 12,000 to the house and the balance to the state fish commission, the governor and secretary of the commonwealth.

—"For three days and nights I suffered agony untold from an attack of cholera morbus brought on by eating cucumbers," says M. E. Lowther, clerk of the district court, Centerville, Iowa. "I thought I should surely die, and tried a dozen different medicines but all to no purpose. I sent for a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and three doses relieved me entirely." This remedy is for sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Last Thursday we had the pleasure of a call from John A. Steel and Jerome S. Nopsker, of Huntingdon. The latter is one of Huntingdon's merchants and has a wide circle of acquaintances in this county. Mr. Steel is the Republican nominee for sheriff of this county. He is well qualified for the position and the result of the primaries last August demonstrated that he is practically the unanimous choice of the Republicans of the county for that position.

—W. N. Jennings, a Philadelphia artist, accompanied by Mr. Whitcraft, night editor of the North American, were in town last Saturday taking additional views and getting information concerning the Mapleton cave. They made additional explorations in the cave, the result of which will be given in the North American in the near future. Mr. W. H. Holden, one of Mr. Jennings' assistants, has been employed during the past week taking views of some of the magnificent scenery in this locality.

—Robert M. Chilcott and wife, of Wamego, Kansas, were guests of Mrs. Levi Wright and daughters over Sunday. This is their first visit to the Keystone state and they are enjoying the beautiful scenery and bracing atmosphere. Mr. Chilcott is the editor of the Wamego Times, one of Kansas' influential Republican papers. His parents were Trough Creek people and he means to know more of the ancestral home before returning to Kansas. They went to Shirleysburg Monday and will spend a portion of this week in Trough Creek valley.

—Miss Martha Krater, Mount Union's popular and up-to-date milliner, has just returned from the eastern cities where she spent several days selecting a complete line of seasonable goods, consisting of hats, from 40 cents up; felt hats, ribbons, pompons, breasts, at prices lower than can be had elsewhere; birds, plumes, of which she is offering beautiful black ones as low as 50 cents. Her line of millinery is complete and she respectfully invites the patronage of the ladies of this vicinity to call and examine goods and learn prices and satisfy themselves that her stock is first-class, up to date and prices comparatively low.

—A case in which fishermen throughout the state are interested was decided at Easton on Monday, when President Judge Schuyler filed an opinion in the matter of the commonwealth against George Walter, who was charged with illegal fishing. The judge decided that the act of 1889, under which the prosecution was brought, is unconstitutional. Walter was arrested on complaint of Fish Warden Flynn, of Easton, for having fished with a dip-net in the Bushkill creek, a trout stream. Alderman Brunner, before whom the defendant was arraigned, directed Walter to pay \$100 fine and costs of prosecution. An appeal was taken from the alderman's finding, and it was on this appeal that Judge Schuyler read the decision.

Do you suffer from piles? If so do not turn to surgery for relief. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will act more quickly, surely and safely, saving you the expense and danger of an operation. W. H. Spangler.

The Remains of James A. Taylor Claimed.

The skeleton found on the Allegheny mountains on the 12th inst., an account of which appeared in the ITEM last week, proves to have been that of James Aucker Taylor, son of Henry Taylor, Esq., formerly of Cass township but now of McConnellsburg, Fulton county. The young man was aged 25 years. His father having learned of the finding of the body went to Altoona last Friday, established the identity of his son by clothing, papers and other marks and claimed the body. He returned Monday, secured the young man's trunk and personal effects which were at a boarding house in Juniata and yesterday brought the body to Mapleton. From here it was taken to-day to Cassville for interment. James A. Taylor was a native of Cass township. About two years ago he was employed on the farm of his uncle, Abram K. Miller, west of Mapleton. Subsequently he was employed at one of the sand works and boarded with Mr. Welker at the Juniata house. He was also employed at Wagner's stove mill in Big valley and last winter went to Dean, Cambria county. It is supposed he left Dean to cross the Allegheny mountains and became bewildered. He sought shelter in the hunter's retreat where he was found and either on account of illness or exhaustion was unable to proceed farther. He was a fine young man of good character. He is survived by his father, two brothers and two sisters. One brother, William, resides in Morrison's cove and the present whereabouts of Albert, the youngest brother, is not known. One sister, Mrs. Annie Donelson, resides in Baltimore and the other, Miss Essie, lives in Cass township.

It Happened in a Drug Store.

"One day last winter a lady came to my drug store and asked for a brand of cough medicine that I did not have in stock," says Mr. C. R. Grandin, the popular druggist of Ontario, N. Y. "She was disappointed and wanted to know what cough preparation I could recommend. I said to her that I could freely recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and that she could take a bottle of the remedy and after giving it a fair trial if she did not find it worth the money to bring back the bottle and I would refund the price paid. In the course of a day or two the lady came back in company with a friend in need of a cough medicine and advised her to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy." It is for sale by J. G. Gillam.

A RETROSPECT.

I wandered near the ruins
Of the ancient seminary.
When the night was in the heavens
And the bats were circling round;
And pondered on the fortunes of
The students literary,
Who once trod upon the campus
As 'twere consecrated ground.

The air was dark and heavy
In the former dormitory,
And slimy things crawled slowly
O'er the recitation halls
That once rang loud with laughter
Over comic jest or story,
And thick and dusty cobwebs
Hung in festoons from the walls.

Across the musty corridors
Uncanny things were creeping,
And faint and transient shadows
Seemed to pass athwart the door;
And the raindrops gently dripping
Were perhaps the spirit's weeping
Of students disembodied who
Have reached the further shore.

I pondered on the fortunes of
The students here collected
From many towns and hamlets
In the happy days of old.
And also of the teachers who
Were more or less respected
As they caught, or not, the
Fancy of their literary fold.

Some were lawyers, some were
Doctors; There were others literary.
With here and there a farmer
Or a justice of the peace.
Some were teachers, some were
Preachers, Methodist itinerary,
Riding, riding day and evening,
Worrying o'er their flock's increase.

When these students left the portals
Of this ancient institution,
Most were filled with high ideals
Of their future course in life.
Some by preaching, some by teaching,
Some by burning elocution,
Meant to start the world a little,
Meant to mingle in the strife.

The years have fallen from us,
And most have crossed the river,
But the world's a little better
For the work that they have done.
And the good that they accomplished
Will circle on forever,
Until it meets them in the [run]
Heavens, when their race on earth is

—A. J. HAMILTON.

Lewis Ockerman, Goshen, Ind.: "DeWitt's Little Early Risers never bend me double like other pills, but do their work thoroughly and make me feel like a boy." Certain, thorough, gentle. W. H. Spangler.

Adam Heffner.

Adam Heffner died at his home in Shirleysburg Tuesday morning of last week, the result of a paralytic stroke. On the previous day Mr. Heffner was at work in his mill when he was stricken. Mr. Heffner was a native of this county having been born near McConnellstown. He was aged about 79 years. In 1858 he purchased the mill at Shirleysburg from which time he gave close personal attention to the business. Deceased was twice married, his first wife being Miss Margaret Kyper who died about twenty-five years ago. Subsequently he married Miss Mary J. Geissinger, of McConnellstown, who also survives him. He is also survived by two daughters, Mrs. Oliver L. Stewart, of Huntingdon, and Miss Malinda, at home. Mr. Heffner was a man of quiet tastes, much attached to home. He was held in high esteem for his sterling integrity and kind disposition. The remains were interred at McConnellstown last Thursday afternoon.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C. F. Collier, of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at W. H. Spangler's store.

Mrs. Rev. J. K. Lloyd.

At 11.55 o'clock Sunday morning Mrs. Annie C. Lloyd, wife of Rev. J. K. Lloyd, pastor of the Chestnut Avenue Methodist Episcopal church and chaplain of the Fifth regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, died at her home, 1211 Tenth street, of diabetes. She had been ailing for some time, but bore her affliction with Christian fortitude. On Friday her condition became such that she was compelled to take her bed and at the time mentioned above she was summoned to her eternal home. The deceased was a daughter of Michael (deceased) and Jane Fetterhoff and was born at Huntingdon, June 11, 1861. On Easter Sunday, March 28, 1883, she was married to Rev. J. K. Lloyd and went with him to Woodland, Clearfield county, where he was then stationed. She was an intelligent woman and was well acquainted with the doctrines of the Methodist church. Her faith was remarkable and she was a constant help to her husband in all his labors. She was a beloved wife and a loving mother and the vacancy left by her demise is one that can never be filled. Mrs. Lloyd came to Altoona with her husband last April from Martinsburg, where they had resided for five years and where they were beloved by the entire population of that town. During her short residence in this city, and despite her sickness she made numerous friends who will learn of her death with sincere regret.

She leaves to mourn their loss her husband and two children, Annie, aged 15 years, and Pauline, aged 9 years. One daughter, Ethel, preceded her to the grave sixteen years ago. She is also survived by her mother, Mrs. Jane Fetterhoff, and two brothers, Grant and Frank, all of Huntingdon.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Mrs. Lloyd's body was brought to Huntingdon yesterday and after services in the First Methodist church was buried in Riverview cemetery.

Rev. R. E. Wilson.

Rev. Reuben Elliott Wilson, pastor of the M. E. church at Newville, Cumberland county, died Sunday after an illness of two weeks' duration.

Reuben E. Wilson was the son of Thomas and Mary Oakes Wilson and was born at Masseysburg, Huntingdon county, June 26, 1828, so that he was in the 74th year of his age when the inevitable summons called him from labor to reward. He was converted at an early age and began preaching in 1851, when he served at Millerstown, under the presiding elder, although his first regular appointment as a member of the old Baltimore conference of the Methodist Episcopal church was at Mifflintown in 1854. He received his education in such schools as the times of his childhood afforded and at Dickinson seminary, Williamsport.

From his appointment to Mifflintown in 1854 until his death he was an effective traveling preacher in the church of his choice, first in the Baltimore conference, then the East Baltimore, and the Central Pennsylvania. Among the appointments which he filled were the following in this vicinity: Huntingdon, 1870-71; Philipsburg, 1872-74; Eighth Avenue, Altoona, 1875-76; Tyrone, 1877; Woodland, 1882-84; Hollidaysburg, 1889-90; Simpson, Altoona, 1891-92. He was a preacher of much force and those who listened to his sermons were certain to get something original and thought-provoking.

Mr. Wilson's wife was Miss Eliza Woods Clark, of Millerstown, Pa., and she survives him, with three children—Minnie, Thomas and Harvey. He is also survived by two brothers and two sisters, Jesse P. Wilson, of Lewisville, Huntingdon county; Lee T. Wilson, of Tyrone, and Mrs. Dr. Miller and Mrs. Kirby, of Philadelphia.

W. T. Wesson, Goshenville, Va., druggist, writes: "Your One Minute Cough Cure gives perfect satisfaction. My customers say it is the best remedy for coughs, colds, throat and lung troubles. W. H. Spangler.

NEW TRIAL FOR MOLINEUX

Judges of the Court of Appeals Unanimous in Their Decision.

IMPROPER EVIDENCE ADMITTED

The Opinion Says That All Testimony Regarding Barnett Is Incompetent—Three Judges, However, Would Allow Some of This Evidence—Court Passes on Question of Handwriting Experts.

Albany, N. Y.—Roland B. Molineux, since February 16, 1900, under sentence of death for the killing of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, will have a new trial. The Court of Appeals has handed down a decision reversing the judgment of the lower court. All the Justices who heard the argument on appeal agree on the finding, which is based on the admission of evidence regarding Henry C. Barnett, although the Court is not a unit as to how much of this evidence was incompetent.

The Court also refers to the rule regarding the admission of expert testimony on handwriting, and the prevailing opinion holds that none of the "Barnett" letters should have been used. Justices Parker, Haight and Gray are those who concur in the result, but dissent as to some of the points decided.

The prevailing opinion is written by Justice Werner, of Rochester, his principal ground for reversal being that the lower court erred in admitting evidence as to another alleged crime, the death of Barnett, and thus merged two issues. Justices Bartlett, Vann and O'Brien concurred in the prevailing opinion, and for the expunging of the Barnett testimony. Justices Parker, Haight and Gray did not believe that the Barnett evidence should be kept entirely out of the case.

The Court gave out a condensed statement of the reasons for granting the new trial. They say:

"Every member of the Court of Appeals agrees for the reversal of the judgment of conviction of Molineux on the ground that the trial court erred in receiving in evidence the declarations of Barnett made to Drs. Phillips and Douglass, that he had received Kutnow powders through the mail.

"All agree that since the amendment of Section 2 of Chapter 36 of the laws of 1880 by Chapter 555 of the laws of 1888, genuine writings may be received in evidence as standards of comparison with a disputed writing, although such writing may not be the issue on trial, but simply a fact relevant and material to that issue. That the genuineness of such writings must be established to the satisfaction of the Court by common-law evidence, and when that is done handwriting experts may compare the disputed writings with the genuine writings and give their opinion thereon, but they cannot select and establish the standards of comparison, and then compare them with the disputed writings.

"All writings proved to the satisfaction of the Court by a preponderance of evidence in civil cases, and beyond a reasonable doubt in criminal cases, (1) by witnesses who saw the paper written or to whom it had been acknowledged, (2) by witnesses familiar with the handwriting of the person charged to be the writer and who are able to testify from their familiarity to a belief respecting its genuineness, (3) where the writing is shown to have been recognized and acquiesced in by the person supposed to have written it, or adopted and acted upon by him in his business transactions or other concerns, may, under the statute, be compared with the disputed writing by witnesses. But the Court should refuse to receive in evidence solely for the purpose of comparison any writing otherwise prejudicial to a defendant.

"The only subject about which the members of the Court differ in their opinions, relates to the testimony introduced tending to show that Molineux caused the death of Barnett by the same method as that used in taking the life of Mrs. Adams. Four of the members of the Court, O'Brien, Bartlett, Vann and Werner, agree that the evidence should not have been received. The other three Justices—Parker, Gray and Haight—hold that that evidence is admissible, in that the evidence in the Barnett case pointing toward Molineux, tends to identify him as the person who killed Mrs. Adams while attempting to take the life of Cornish by means of that rare poison known as cyanide of mercury, the Chief Judge and Judge Gray writing opinions to that effect."

Lieutenant Williams Slain.

Second Lieutenant James C. Williams, of the Twelfth Infantry, fell off a train in Tarrac, P. I., and was killed. Lieutenant Williams was a son of General Robert Williams, formerly Adjutant-General of the Army, who died a few weeks ago. Young Williams enlisted in the Army as a private in the Thirty-fourth Infantry, and was promoted rapidly to a second lieutenancy for efficient services in the Philippines.

Mistaken For a Deer and Killed.

William Bowley, of Skowhegan, aged nineteen years, was accidentally shot and killed by Edwin L. Vail, of Houlton, at West Hastings Brook, Me. Bowley was mistaken for a deer.

MUSOLINO IS CAPTURED

Italian Brigand Accused of Having Committed Twenty-five Murders

The Government Had Offered Big Rewards For His Arrest—Taken After a Desperate Struggle.

Rome, Italy.—The notorious brigand, Musolino, has been captured after a fierce resistance at Urbino. He had long terrorized Calabria, and is credited with having committed twenty-five murders.

Owing to the sympathy manifested toward him by the peasantry Musolino had always escaped capture, despite the immense reward the Government offered for his arrest.

Giuseppe Musolino, who styles himself a "gentleman brigand," has been a fugitive from justice for two years. He claims to be the victim of a judicial conspiracy.

In October, 1898, Musolino, who is a man of good family and education, met Vincenzo Zoccoli, one of his political opponents. A quarrel arose and Zoccoli stabbed Musolino over forty times in the hands and arms. Musolino was lying dangerously ill from his wounds when Zoccoli was shot from ambush. Musolino was accused of the crime, and dragged from his bed to prison. The presiding Justice was a notorious protector of the opposing faction, and Musolino was convicted and sentenced to twenty-two years at hard labor.

Musolino managed to escape before long, and has since been remorselessly enforcing the threats to kill those responsible for his conviction made at the time he was sentenced. His sole motive for leading the bloodthirsty life which has made him famous seems to have been vengeance. He is said to have killed twelve out of the fifteen men who appeared on the stand against him.

SCHOOLS OF THE COUNTRY.

More Than 17,000,000 Pupils Enrolled in All Institutions.

Washington, D. C.—About twenty-one per cent. of the total population of the United States attend public schools, and two per cent. of the rest attend private schools, according to the annual report of the Commissioner of Education.

The grand total in all schools, elementary, secondary, and higher, public and private, for the year ended July 1, 1900, was 17,020,710 pupils, an increase of 282,348 over the previous year. Of this number the enrollment in public institutions supported by general and local taxes was 15,443,462. Special institutions, such as evening schools, Indian schools, schools connected with asylums, reform schools, and other institutions more or less educational in their character, increase the total number by half a million pupils.

The statistics, as interpreted by the Commissioner, show a uniform consensus of public opinion throughout the Nation in favor of providing secondary education at public cost. Public high schools have increased from 2526 in 1890 to 6005 in 1900.

MYSTERY IN M'KINLEY'S DEATH.

Doctors Now Declare the Exact Cause Will Never Be Known.

New York City.—The physicians and surgeons who attended President McKinley in the closing days of his life have presented to the State Medical Society, here in semi-annual session, a report covering the medical and surgical history of the case. It was read by Dr. Mann, who said that there was absolutely no bacteriological infection. Continuing he said:

"If you ask me what caused the President's death I could not tell you. I doubt if that will ever be discovered. Amongst contributory causes, however, were the President's age, his lack of exercise and his naturally weak heart, which made his pulse high."

REFORMS IN AFGHANISTAN.

New Ameer Increases Pay of the Soldiers and Will Reduce the Land Taxes.

London.—The Simla correspondent of the Times says Ameer Habib Ullah has increased the pay of the Afghan soldiers and promises a reduction of the taxes on land. He is likely to spring into immediate popularity.

The Afghans presumably hope that Habib Ullah will depart from the fiscal policy of his father and abolish the heavy imposts on trade and the State monopolies. The removal of the transit duties and the abolition of the monopolies would cause an immense revival of trade between India and Afghanistan along the ancient caravan route.

BANK ROBBERS CAUGHT.

Citizens Return the Fire of Safe Blowers, Wounding Three of Them.

Evansville, Ind.—A loud explosion aroused the village of Howell, a few miles from here, a few days ago. The citizens discovered that four robbers had blown open the bank safe and were in the act of plundering it. Instantly the bank was surrounded, and the citizens opened fire, which was returned by the robbers as they fled.

When the fusillade ended three robbers, badly wounded, were stretched out on the ground. The fourth had escaped. Marshall Sumpter was shot in the leg. The wounded robbers are in the hospital. They refuse to talk.

SPORTING BREVITIES.

The lacross players at Harvard have begun fall practice.

King Edward has repurchased his former racing cutter, Britannia, from Sir Richard Bulkeley.

James Flanagan set new marks in the discus and sixteen pound hammer throws at Louisville, Ky.

A syndicate has obtained land at Syosset, L. I., for the construction of an automobile race course.

Jesse Burkett, of the St. Louis team, leads the National Baseball League players in batting for the season.

The hundred miles sweepstake race of the Automobile Club of America has been abandoned for this year.

Football at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology has been abolished for this year and probably forever.

The six-day go-as-you-please race at Philadelphia was won by George Tracy, of Kinderhook, N. Y., covering 500 miles.

George Ketcham, the owner of Crescens, asserts that this is to be the last season of his famous horse on the speed track.

The New York Yacht Club Challenge Committee has decided that the deed of gift could not be changed so that the Shamrock II. could challenge for a race in 1902.

Baseball circles promise to be lively to an unusual degree this winter, and the doings of the magnates and players will be watched with keen interest by the public.

M. Henri Fournier, with W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., as a passenger, drove a racing automobile over Long Island roads at the rate of sixty miles an hour, some of the miles being travelled in less than one minute.

Football has its ups and downs as much as any other sport, and more than once sure things have gone wrong; but the Yale men are showing the same symptoms of power with their raggedness that they did at this time a year ago.

LABOR WORLD.

A dressmakers' union has been organized in New York City.

Domestic servants in Chicago intend to shorten their hours of service.

Four thousand colliers at Merthyr Tydvil, Wales, are on a strike over a wage dispute.

The Journeymen Barbers' International Union has declined to admit women to membership.

The striking garment workers in Boston are fast getting recognition from the clothing contractors.

In London buildings containing over 1500 tenements, and erected solely for the working classes, are owned by the city.

Striking telephone linemen at Chicago have been notified to return or new men will be hired to take their places.

A strike that would be general, but for the refusal of the tobacco workers and some others to join it, has begun at Seville, Spain.

It is claimed that the recent strike in the hoop, sheet and tinsplate mills cost the Amalgamated Association \$82,060 in benefits alone.

The will of W. H. H. Smith, the first engineer who ran an engine on the New York Central Railway, disposes of an estate of more than \$100,000.

The unions of New Haven, Conn., have secured the passage of an ordinance compelling contractors to employ union men whenever possible on city work.

St. Louis Plasterers' Union, which was suspended by the international convention for failure to comply with orders of the national executive board, has been reinstated.

The result of the French coal miners' referendum on the question of a general strike is that 40,000 voted in favor of a general strike and 10,000 cast their votes against it. About 110,000 men did not vote.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Andrew Carnegie has been asked to become Lord Rector of St. Andrew's University.

Empress Auguste of Germany has insomnia from drinking tea to reduce her weight.

Senator Hanna's secretary says that since 1896 five hundred children have been named after the Senator.

Sir Thomas Lipton has been presented with a loving cup at a dinner given him by the Chicago Athletic Club.

Professor Theodore W. Richards, of Harvard, has been called to the chair of chemistry at Gottingen University.

Emperor William has conferred on Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee the Order of Pour Le Merite, with oak leaves.

Major-General Retink, manager of the Baltic shipyards, at St. Petersburg, Russia, is coming to America to study the steel industry.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Van Sant, the parents of the Governor of Minnesota, have just celebrated the seventieth anniversary of their marriage.

Prominent men of science from all over the world have joined in the celebration in Berlin, Germany, of Professor Virchow's eightieth birthday.

It is related of Hall Caine, the novelist, that he once worked in the Laxey lead mines, in the Manx Mountains, in place of a young man who was ill, to keep the young fellow's position for him.

M. Labori, the defender of Dreyfus, is expected to visit the United States soon as the guest of the New York Bar. He will be accompanied by Mme. Labori, who will visit her mother in Nova Scotia.

ESTIMATES FOR THE NAVY

Secretary Long Wants \$98,910,984 For the Next Fiscal Year.

THREE NEW BATTLESHIP PLANS

The Secretary Also Favors the Construction of Two Armored Cruisers and Several Gunboats—\$30,000,000 For Yards and Naval Stations—Total of Estimates to Be Submitted to Congress.

Washington, D. C.—The naval estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, have been made public. They are larger by about \$21,000,000 than the appropriation for the current year. Secretary Long said in speaking of his plans for naval extension, that he would propose an increase over last year of one battleship, making the extension plan provide for three battleships and two armored cruisers. The authorization given last year was for two battleships and two cruisers. Mr. Long believes that Congress, in calling upon him for his views about the new ships, did not limit him to the submission of but one plan for each type of vessel. He will therefore present a number of plans, varying in their arrangement of turrets and batteries. He will also recommend the construction of a number of small gunboats.

The estimates for 1903 amount to \$98,910,984.63, while the appropriations for 1902 amounted to \$77,924,535.60. The largest single increase is in the estimate for public works in the Bureau of Yards and Docks. Last year, \$6,775,010 was appropriated for this purpose. The new estimate is for \$20,638,375. The new items amount to \$16,638,375.

Last year \$3,000,000 was appropriated for the Naval Academy. This year only \$1,500,000 is asked for. For the pay of the navy, the increase is \$1,297,915 over last year. For public works in the Bureau of Ordnance, \$318,100 was appropriated last year, and \$1,457,300 is now asked for. The appropriation for the Naval Militia is the same as last year, \$60,000.

One item is for \$200,000 for a plant for housing and storing torpedo vessels, to cost \$550,000 when completed. Two million dollars is wanted for the purchase of land. The total amount estimated for the New York yard is \$3,475,000, as against an appropriation this year of \$1,109,000. It is the largest amount estimated for any yard. Portsmouth comes next with \$1,947,575.

The Bureau of Construction and Repair asks for \$9,925,824.25. This year it got \$7,360,824.25. Included in this is an estimate of \$50,000 for improving the construction plant at New York. This is just double what was appropriated for the same purpose this year. The bureau also wants to put in a new steel derrick barge at the New York yard, to cost \$35,000. The Marine Corps wants \$3500 appropriated for electric light at New York.

The placing of some of our new possessions under naval control has resulted in the inclusion among the estimates of a number of items which read strangely in a naval estimate. For example, the Bureau of Yards and Docks includes in its estimate the pay of two school teachers to be appointed at Tutuila, Samoa. They are to get \$600 each. For the Island of Guam the bureau wants one school teacher and adds in parentheses, "American." This teacher is to get \$1500 a year. Repairs to the school will cost \$570. Other items in the bureau's estimate for Guam are one Deputy Collector of Customs and crew, at \$1200, and one Judge of the Court of First Instance, at \$2000. A telephone system is to be put in at Tutuila, to cost \$2000. The Bureau of Yards and Docks wants \$5000 for a schoolhouse, books, furniture, and other equipment.

At Cavite \$12,000 is wanted for a fire-protection system, and \$300,000 for a refrigerating plant. The estimates for the new naval station at Olongapo, Philippine Islands, amount to \$1,443,000. A naval hospital at Canacao, Philippine Islands, is wanted by the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery. The cost is to be \$50,000.

TYPHOON IN LUZON.

Town of Baler Wiped Out—Twenty Dead in Manila Bay—Great Damage Done.

Manila.—The worst typhoon in ten years has raged for several days. Its centre has been about sixty miles from Manila. Eight miles of railroad have been destroyed and half of north and central Luzon has been submerged.

A majority of the telegraph lines have been damaged, and Government and other vessels have suffered. Twenty persons have been killed in Manila Bay.

The town of Baler has been demolished.

Student Without Money Kills Himself.

David Annett, of Woodford County, Ky., a member of the senior class at the State College, at Lexington, shot himself in the head with a revolver. Lack of money with which to complete his course is assigned as the cause.

Prison For Former Army Captain.

John M. Neall, formerly a Captain in the United States Army, recently convicted of forgery, at San Francisco, Cal., was sentenced to serve two years at San Quentin at hard labor.

LEOPOLD PLANS A VISIT

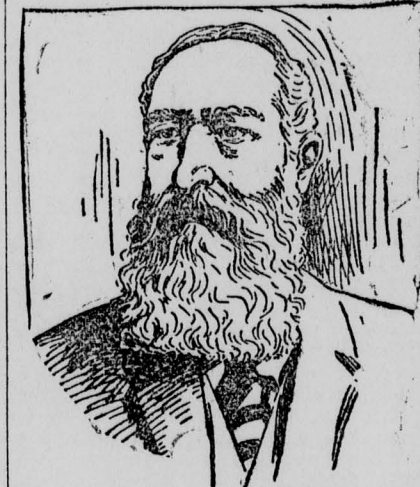
The King of Belgium is Coming to the United States.

Expects to Get Suggestions of Shipping Arrangements Beneficial to the Ports of His Kingdom.

Antwerp, Belgium.—King Leopold has decided to visit New York City. He announced this decision at an interview granted to the Burgomaster.

His Majesty expects among other advantages to obtain in the United States many suggestions regarding the handling of shipping which will prove beneficial to the ports of Belgium.

This is not the first time that Leopold II., King of the Belgians, has expressed his intention or wish to visit



KING LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM. (He has decided to make a visit to the United States.)

the United States. There was talk of his doing so three years ago, and in 1899 it was given out at Brussels that the monarch was going to take a three-months' yachting cruise, during which he would touch on this side of the Atlantic.

Earlier in life King Leopold was fond of mysterious disappearances, and paid frequent trips incognito to neighboring capitals. He is now sixty-five years of age, but as his zest for automobiling shows, full of activity, and possessing a decided faculty for combining business with pleasure.

The Congo Independent State, which is his creation, is likely, in spite of early forebodings, to bring him in a substantial reward for his prescience. In his will he has bequeathed all his sovereign rights in the State to Belgium, and not so long ago he made over to the public all his real estate in Belgium.

King Leopold is a busy speculator, and is said to be interested in several American mining ventures, besides his schemes for developing Ostend and other European pleasure resorts. At the opening of the Brussels ship canal last year he looked forward to the establishment of a line of steamers plying between Brussels as a seaport and New York City, and he is doubtless keenly alive to the advantages of developing still further the great resources of Antwerp and its trade with this port.

COSTLY FUNERAL FOR PUG DOG.

Hundreds of Children See the Body Lying in Pink Silk.

Trenton, N. J.—Fannie, a pug dog owned by Mrs. C. E. Bosser, was buried under extraordinary circumstances, mourned by hundreds. The dog lay in state all day in the front parlor. It required a large casket, for it had grown broad and heavy because of fatty degeneration of the heart.

The casket was lined with pink silk, the artistic idea of Mrs. Bosser, worked out by an undertaker. Fannie was carefully washed, so that her light brown coat matched the casket lining. A large bow of white silk was around the dog's neck.

Several hundred school children took leave of the dead pet and praised its life-like appearance. There were solemn tunes on the organ and the children sang hymns. Some placed carnations in the casket before it was closed and carried with much solemnity to the rear yard, where it was interred under a pear tree. A stone will be placed to mark the spot. Mrs. Bosser's eyes were inflamed with long weeping for Fannie.

DAYTON WOMAN DENIES CHARGES

Pleads Not Guilty of Poisoning Her Four Husbands and Children.

Dayton, Ohio.—The formal charge of murder in the first degree was preferred against Mrs. Mary Belle Witwer, suspected of having caused the deaths of her four husbands and her own children by poison.

The affidavit was sworn to by Chief of Detectives Frank McBride, and is based on the death of Mrs. Anna C. Pugh, a sister of the accused. It is charged that death was due to the administration of arsenic wilfully and purposely by Mrs. Witwer.

Mrs. Witwer was arraigned in police court on the charge of murder. She pleaded not guilty.

Typhoid Fever Prevalent.

The weekly bulletin of the City Health Department of Chicago calls attention to the unusual prevalence of typhoid fever throughout the country, and ventures the opinion that the first year of the new century will be known as a typhoid fever year.

SANTOS-DUMONT TRIUMPHS

The Brazilian Aeronaut Sails Around the Eiffel Tower.

EASY PROGRESS AGAINST WIND

He Loses the Deutsch Prize of 100,000 Francs by About Forty Seconds — Decision of the Committee Disputed — Balloon's Motor Worked Very Successfully — Ovation for the Aeronaut.

Paris, France.—M. Santos-Dumont, the young Brazilian aeronaut, made an ascension in his new dirigible balloon from the park station of the Aero Club at 2.42 o'clock p. m. He doubled the Eiffel Tower and returned successfully to St. Cloud in twenty-nine and a half minutes, but the guide rope was not seized immediately, and it took forty and three-fifths seconds more to bring the balloon down.

The descent was witnessed by large crowds at St. Cloud and on the Long-champs race course. They cheered loudly and shouted "Vive Santos-Dumont!" with wildest enthusiasm. As the aeronaut alighted Marquis Dion, a member of the committee, said: "My friend, you have lost by just forty seconds."

M. Santos-Dumont took matters philosophically, and remarked: "After all, it doesn't much matter for the 100,000 francs will go to the poor, anyhow."

At this moment M. Henri Deutsch, the founder of the prize, came on the ground, having just arrived in Paris from Biarritz, and exclaimed, "As far as I am concerned, I consider that you have fairly and pluckily won the prize."

M. Deutsch said he would give 25,000 francs to the poor, notwithstanding the decision of the committee. But Santos-Dumont declined to accept the offer as a solution of the difficulty.

The enthusiasm increased, MM. Deutsch and Santos-Dumont being acclaimed in triumph. The scene was extremely bright and theatrical, for among the young Brazilian aeronaut's admirers present were a group of about thirty women, who showered flowers upon their hero, and in the height of their enthusiasm offered him fans, bracelets and jewels of every description.

There was a large assemblage of people at the Eiffel Tower, and considerable interest was manifested in the experiment in other parts of Paris, groups of people gathering in the streets to watch the progress of the elongated, yellow balloon with its long guide rope hanging and white canvas propellers whirling round, while those below distinctly distinguished the loud buzzing of the motor.

Santos-Dumont rounded the Eiffel Tower between the second and top-most platforms, at about seventy-five yards away from the tower. The balloon pitched somewhat when going against the wind, and Santos-Dumont, when he descended, said the motor suddenly stopped while the balloon was at a little distance from the tower. He thought he might have to descend, but luckily he succeeded in getting the machine started again. From that time on the motor worked satisfactorily.

BIG FLOODS IN KLONDIKE

United States Military Ordered Out to Assist in Saving Life and Property.

Port Townsend, Wash. — Skagway and its vicinity have been visited by disastrous rainstorms, according to passengers arriving on the City of Seattle, causing much loss of property. The other day a torrent of water rushed down the valley, carrying destruction in its wake.

Three bridges were wrecked and buildings on the water front between Broadway and the bluff were inundated. A big slide occurred near Pennington and the snowsheds just erected were wrecked. Losses will easily foot up to \$75,000.

When the waters began to make their appearance around the doors of houses on the low ground in Skagway much excitement prevailed, and all made preparations to move. Captain Jenks, United States Army, ordered the military out, and they rendered assistance in saving life and property.

TUBERCULOSIS, MAN TO BEAST.

Disease Transmitted to Calves in a Test Case in New Orleans.

New Orleans, La. — Upon the announcement of Dr. Koch's theory that tuberculosis could not be transmitted from cows to man, Dr. E. A. White, veterinarian of the New Orleans Board of Health, under the authority of that body, began the opposite test, whether tuberculosis could be transmitted from man to cattle.

Several calves were obtained for this purpose, tested to see that they were free from tuberculosis and then fed with tuberculosis culline. One of the calves died, having shown tuberculosis. An examination was made of the animal, which showed that while the liver, kidneys and lungs were in good condition the intestines were infected with tuberculosis, the animal having died from tuberculosis diarrhoea. A full medical report will be made on the case.

British Hold 109,418 Boer Refugees.

A British Government paper shows that the number of whites in the concentration camps in South Africa is: Men, 17,070; women, 38,022, and children, 54,326. The deaths have been: Men, 119; women, 328, and children, 1964.

ATTACKED BY BOLOMEN

Insurgents Surprised Company E Ninth Regiment, in Samar.

Filipinos Finally Routed, Leaving Many Dead on the Field — Timely Arrival of Reinforcements

Manila.—Four hundred bolomen attacked a detachment of forty-six men of the Ninth Infantry at Bangajon, on the Gandara River, Island of Samar, killing ten and wounding six. The remainder of the company arrived on the scene in time to prevent further slaughter and routed the enemy, killing over a hundred of them. As soon as the news was received at Catabogan, two gunboats were dispatched, General Smith going in person to the scene.

Washington, D. C.—The following cablegram from General Chaffee reporting the fight of the Ninth Infantry was received at the War Department:

"Forty-six men, Company E, Ninth Regiment United States Infantry, under First Lieutenant George W. Wallace, in field, lower Gandara, Samar, were attacked by 400 bolomen October 16. Our loss ten killed six wounded. Names not received. Eighty-one of the enemy left dead on the field. Enemy beaten off."

The Ninth Infantry is the same regiment that suffered in the massacre at Balangiga September 28. On that day Company C was attacked by a large force of bolomen and almost wiped out, only twenty-four men surviving.

An inspection of the dispositions made of the troops on the Island of Samar shows that before the Balangiga fight there were no less than thirty-eight separate posts. These were so disposed that supplies could be conveyed to the troops by water. General Hughes has left Samar and gone to the Island of Cebu to recuperate, which accounts for the assumption of the command on Samar by General Smith. General Hughes was worn out and suffered from the effect of a fall received while chasing insurgents in the mountains of Samar.

HE WAS "ONLY A PRESIDENT."

Why the Austrian Reichsrath Took No Action on the Death of McKinley.

Vienna, Austria.—Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs, whose anti-American sentiments are well known, caused the withdrawal of a resolution of condolence on the death of President McKinley which was submitted to the Chamber of Deputies on the re-assembling of the Reichsrath after the vacation.

The President of the Chamber submitted the resolution to the Minister for his approval, and he himself regards the latter's attitude as an improper one.

It is said that the explanation given by Count Goluchowski of his action is that while it is customary for the Reichsrath to pass resolutions on the death of a foreign sovereign, Mr. McKinley, being only an elected President, was not entitled to such a distinction.

Considerable comment has been caused by the omission of the resolution.

KILLED IN TUNNEL

Mass of Stone Fell Upon Workmen in a New York Subway.

New York City.—A block of rock weighing nearly 150 tons crashed from the ceiling and the wall of the Rapid Transit tunnel in Section 14, corner 164th street and Eleventh avenue, without an instant's warning, into the midst of a gang of seventeen muckers, who were at work loading cars and smashing rock that had been blasted. Five were killed and one was injured seriously.

The dead are: Peter O'Hara, aged sixty-five years; Daniel Keleher, aged sixty; John Guranski, laborer, aged fifty-eight; Luigi Danise, aged twenty-five, and Patrick Madden, foreman.

The police arrested Owen Bly, the contractor's foreman, who was held in \$5000 bail to await the action of the Coroner.

BOERS REACH THE SEA.

A Large Force Penetrates to Saldanha Bay, Near Cape Town.

Capt Town, South Africa.—The invaders have reached the sea, a commando of 500 men having penetrated through the rich Great Berg River Valley to Hopefield and Saldanha Bay.

The Boers have secured a number of recruits and considerable quantities of supplies. General French is directing the operations against them.

In a brisk fight at Twenty-four Streams, near Piquetberg, Captain Bellew and four other British were killed and several others wounded.

The British having surprised several camps, the Boers are now in the habit of shifting camp by night. Late last night, the British columns, after long night marches, have arrived at their objectives only to find the Boers gone.

Michigan Village Wiped Out by Fire.

Gallen, Mich., was almost wiped out by fire that started in a laundry. Two blocks were destroyed, only a few store buildings remaining. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

Killed by Stone Kidnapers.

Pastors Dimikoff and Zirkoff, with three female mission workers, says a dispatch from Vienna to the London Daily Express, "have been killed by the band that kidnaped Miss Stone."

SURGERY AND MCKINLEY

Every Resource of Science Drawn Upon to Save the Late President.

THE REPORT OF THE PHYSICIANS

The Patient Seemed to Be Recovering and His Change For the Worse Was Totally Unexpected—Gangrenous Conditions Attributed to Lowered Vitality—Solid Diet Not Fatally Injurious.

New York City.—The New York Medical Journal contains the full official report of the surgeons who attended the late President William McKinley in Buffalo. The report contains upward of 15,000 words, and constitutes the official record of the case. It is signed by Drs. P. M. Rixey, Matthew F. Mann, Herman Mynter, Roswell Park, Eugene Wasdin, Charles McBurney and Charles G. Stockton, members of the medical staff attending the late President.

The report describes the operation in all its technical minutiae. The utmost care was used to prevent infection of the abdominal cavity and of the wound by the most approved modern methods of surgical cleanliness. The wounds in the stomach were sutured with silk, using double rows of stitches. The application of these stitches was accompanied by great difficulties.

The chief trouble was the depth of the abdominal cavity, the lack of instruments to draw the edges of the wound apart and the lack of good light. Of the search for the bullet the report says:

"The operation on the stomach now being finished, Dr. Mann introduced his arm so as to palpate carefully all the deep structures behind the stomach. No trace of the bullet, or of the further track of the bullet, could be found." Further search might have caused the death of the patient upon the operating table.

On the fifth day, September 10, took place the much-discussed removal of stitches from the wound in the abdominal wall. The report states: "In the evening the dressings were examined, and, as there was considerable staining from the discharges, it was thought best to remove four stitches and to separate the edges of the wound. A little slough was observed near the bullet track, covering a space nearly an inch wide, the thickness of the flaps. The suppurative seemed to extend down to the muscle. The remainder of the wound looked healthy, and it was thought that the infection was due to the bullet or to a piece of clothing which had been carried into the wound."

On the fifth day the President sipped hot water; on the sixth he had beef juice, the first food taken by mouth since the operation. In the meantime nutritive enemata were continued, but were not well retained. At 8.30 in the morning of the seventh day he was allowed chicken broth, a very small piece of toast and a small cup of coffee. He did not care for the toast, and ate scarcely any of it.

The wound had in the meanwhile been doing very well, and had been dressed daily after the removal of the stitches and the sloughing tissue. The President seemed at his best, and a favorable result was now confidently predicted. There was no sign of blood poisoning or of inflammation of the peritoneum.

On the seventh day, toward noon, the pulse began to grow weaker, and grew rapidly worse. Stimulants were given and the food was discontinued, while castor oil and an enema of ox gall were given to move the bowels. At midnight there was some improvement in the pulse, after an injection of salt solution into the subcutaneous tissues.

On the eighth day the condition of the President was described as very serious, as he did not respond to stimulation. Stimulants and injections of salt solution, coffee, and broth were given, but without much effect. At 5 o'clock oxygen was given and continued for some hours. At 6.30 the President was restless, at 10 p. m. he lost consciousness and continued to sink until he died at 2.15 a. m., on September 14.

Dr. Gaylord's report of the autopsy is lengthy and detailed. Nothing of importance was noticed about the wound on the chest caused by the first shot, except that the area of skin affected was found to be discolored, greenish yellow and mottled, and that there was a hemorrhage into the fat under the skin beneath this area. The abdominal wound showed no evidence of necrosis or sloughing. No inflammation of the peritoneum was found. The gangrenous cavity found behind the stomach involved the pancreas and the surrounding loose tissues, the bottom of the blind pocket being formed by the upper end of the left kidney, which was found to be lacerated at that point to the extent of about two centimetres.

Examination of the heart muscle showed that it was affected with well marked fatty degeneration, and in some places the muscle fibres showed groups of dark brown granules, demonstrating a diseased condition of the cardiac muscle.

Dr. Gaylord believes that the repair to the stomach wounds had been effective and that the gangrene around these wounds does not seem to have been the result of any well defined cause. He attributes the gangrenous condition of the tissues solely to lowered vitality in the parts. The appearance of the gangrenous tissues shows that the gangrene took place shortly before death.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Booker T. Washington, of Tuskegee, Ala., dined with President Roosevelt.

The Government concluded a money-order convention with Bolivia.

F. W. Hackett, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will resign and be succeeded by Judge Charles H. Darling, of Bennington, Vt.

President Roosevelt appointed Frank R. Mower, of Ohio, United States Consul at Ghent, Belgium.

Rear-Admiral Melville declared the working of the Navy Personnel law had reduced the efficiency of the engineer corps of the navy.

Rear-Admiral Crowninshield recommended in his annual report barracks instead of receiving ships for sailors.

Attorney-General Knox advised President Roosevelt to take no action at present on the Pacific cable question.

President Roosevelt appointed Ulys Robert Webb an Assistant Surgeon in the Navy.

It is probable that Senator Cullom, of Illinois, will be Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Adjutant-General Corbin reported that the total casualties among American troops in the Philippines were 6321.

Fiske Warren, anti-imperialist, of Boston, was obliged to take the oath of allegiance before he could land at Manila.

Governor Dole, of Hawaii, declared he had no intention of resigning.

There is intense feeling among the natives in San Fernando, province of Pampanga, P. I., over the killing of a native by a soldier.

DOMESTIC.

Rear-Admiral Francis Marvin Bunce, U. S. N., retired, died at his home in Hartford, Conn. Admiral Bunce, when he was retired on Christmas Day, 1898, having reached the age limit of sixty-two years, was the ranking officer of the Navy. His attainment to the rank marked the climax of forty-six years of active service.

Captain McCalla, U. S. N., obtained the use of the Sea Girt, N. J., range for practice by men of warships, who, he said, were poor rifle shots.

Quartz was discovered on a farm north of Moweaqua, Ill., which assayed \$125 in silver and \$12.80 per ton in gold to the ton.

Professor Howard, of Columbus, Ohio, a chemist, reported traces of arsenic in the stomach of Mrs. Anna Pugh.

Burglars stole from the postoffice at Baldwin, Mich., registered letters and postage stamps valued at nearly \$1000.

Snow to the depth of several inches fell in the northern part of New York and in the Southern Adirondacks.

Rhode Island Democrats nominated L. F. C. Garvin for Governor.

Former Governor John S. Pillsbury, of Minnesota, died at Minneapolis, at the age of seventy-three.

H. H. Aplin (Rep.) was elected to Congress from the Tenth Michigan District by a plurality of 800.

Nearly the entire business portion of Los Gatos, Cal., has been destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$250,000.

Johann Most, Anarchist, at New York City, was sentenced to one year in prison for publishing an incendiary article.

The House of Deputies of the Episcopal Convention in San Francisco, Cal., adopted the new canon, already passed by the Bishops, prohibiting remarriage of divorced persons.

A large quantity of grain was brought from London back to Boston owing to low prices on the other side.

Five masked men robbed the postoffice at Harrodsburg, Ky., securing \$30 and having one man wounded in a running fight with citizens which followed.

A hired man and the wife of John Black were arrested at Gallatin Valley, Mont., charged with killing Black by morphine poisoning.

The Billion Dollar Steel Trust was declared not amenable to the Ohio law taxing foreign corporations.

Charged with robbing the postoffice at Orlando, Fla., W. E. Medford, an electric light employe, was arrested.

FOREIGN.

Complete agreement was reached between the Russian and British governments as to Afghanistan.

Earl Russell was released from Holloway Jail, at London, after three months' imprisonment for bigamy.

Naples was officially declared free from the plague, and the quarantine was abolished.

An American exhibition was arranged to be held at the Crystal Palace, London, from May to October next year.

A court-martial decided that the lost British torpedo boat destroyer Cobra simply collapsed because she was structurally weak.

A man sentenced to penal servitude in Russia for carrying a false passport declared that he was an American.

One thousand students attacked police headquarters in Kichenef, Bessarabia, Russia, and eleven persons were killed in the riot.

The British War Office ordered the immediate payment to the Yeomanry of arrears of pay, thus removing a serious grievance.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Robbers Are Quite Active.

While returning from Lost Creek William O'Brien and Michael Horey, both of Girardville, were met at a lonely spot by three highwaymen, who, at the point of revolvers, commanded them to halt and turn over their valuables. Both men showed fight, but, after receiving several heavy blows on their heads from blackjacks, they were robbed of their watches and money. The robbers then went along the railroad tracks toward Lost Creek. They had not gone far when they met John Finnegan, a contractor, of that place, and he, too, after receiving a terrible beating, was forced to turn over his watch and \$67 in cash. Later John Carey and Thomas Malloy, while on their way from Shenandoah to Lost Creek, were held up by the same gang, who, after administering the usual beating secured \$23 and escaped in the darkness. Seeing a thief in the chicken pen John Hoosback shot at him from an upstairs window of his home near Shamokin. The thief dropped, but when Hoosback reached the pen the thief had disappeared. A trace of blood led to a stream some distance away, where the man had evidently bandaged his wound. He then fled to the mountains close by.

Alleged Confession of a Bank Clerk.

David M. Wolf, bookkeeper and general clerk in the First National Bank, of Tyrone, is an alleged confessed embezzler of \$12,000. The following statement was made by D. H. Kloss, cashier of the bank: "About a week ago Mr. Wolf left town for a few days, and I took occasion to go over his books. I found that the totals of important accounts had been forced. Further search showed that Mr. Wolf was carrying fictitious credits of about \$12,000. When he returned to Tyrone I told him what I had discovered. Within twenty-four hours he had made a complete confession. The bank will lose about \$2000. Wolf was bonded for \$10,000 by a surety company in New York City. We have made no attempt to arrest him, and will not likely take any such action. What the trust company will do I cannot say." Wolf is aged thirty-one years, and has a wife and two children. He lived well during the nine years he had been in the bank.

Shot in the Hunting Field.

Franklin, the seventeen-year-old son of Franklin Ruby, of Marietta, was instantly killed by the discharge of his own gun while hunting birds in company with two companions of his own age. Ruby shot and killed a bird, toward which the three boys hastened, with young Ruby in the rear. The two boys were startled by a shot, and found Ruby lying on his face, dead, with blood streaming from his head. The shot had entered the base of the skull, and death was instantaneous. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the boy was shot by "an unknown party," and it is supposed he was shot from ambush by an enemy. No suspicion attaches to Ruby's companions. While gunning Lewis, the ten-year-old son of Thomas J. Gilbert, of Columbia, was shot in the left eye by the premature discharge of his gun, and the sight is destroyed.

Mistook a Man's Foot For a Rabbit.

John Thomas, of Greensburg, went out hunting a few days ago. Near the foot of a tree he saw what he thought was a cottontail and blazed away. Oliver T. Miller, of Salem Township, was sitting behind the tree, and Thomas's shot tore off the calf of his leg. The white that the near-sighted Thomas mistook for a rabbit's tail was Miller's sock, showing through a hole in his shoe.

Three Fishermen Drowned.

James Duncan, of Oil City, a professional ball player, and Edward Hoover and William Diminick, of Foxburg, started to spear fish in the Allegheny River, near Foxburg, the other night. In the morning their boat was found bottom up on an island below the town. It is supposed the boat capsized and the occupants were drowned.

Could Not Elude Grim Death.

James Tomsico and a companion caught on a railroad bridge by two trains jumped into the Conemaugh, which is fifteen feet deep at Johnstown. Tomsico could not swim and was drowned, but his companion escaped.

All Through the State.

Three night schools will be opened in Reading.

Sellersville has reduced its tax rate one mill.

George Steiger, a Lancaster County farmer, has committed suicide by hanging.

The chestnut and shellbark crop in Montgomery and Chester counties is a failure.

All children attending school in Lower Merion must be vaccinated by November 1.

John C. Copple has been appointed truant officer by the Doylestown School Board.

A wall of white stone will be placed in front of the old Lutheran churchyard at Trappe.

A county fair association will be organized at Lancaster with a capital stock of \$80,000.

Rev. Craig B. Cross has resigned as pastor of Christ Presbyterian Church at Lebanon.

His gun exploding, Horace Robinson's left arm and hand were badly injured, at Carversville.

Nearly 50,000 bushels of potatoes were raised by thirty farmers near Kempton, Berks County.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....	\$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....	.50
THREE MONTHS.....	.25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

HARE'S VALLEY.

Mrs. Dr. A. J. Hamilton and daughter, Beckie, visited friends and relatives in this vicinity recently.

A. L. Walls and Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Horrell, of Johnstown, visited friends and relatives in this vicinity a few days ago.

D. E. McClain, hardwareman of Sallito, has a large crop of magnificent winter apples on his Summit farm. He picked thirty-eight bushels of nice apples from two trees.

There have been several heavy frosts, dry and cool weather for several days in consequence of which grain in general is not making a flourishing appearance. We have not had Indian summer yet, but look for it later.

A few days ago the writer received a letter from Rev. Manuel Andujar, of San Juan, Porto Rico. He is well and has much missionary work to do. He preaches twice on Sundays and holds Sunday school sessions together with three more evening sessions during the week—two of preaching and religious instruction and one for singing. His preaching is in Spanish with an occasional sermon in English. Mrs. Andujar seems to stand the climate even better than Mr. Andujar. Her only trouble is battling with the fleas which infest that country. She is learning Spanish, plays the organ in church for the Reverend and sings in Spanish. The Reverend says, "Please give my regard to our friends from Cornelius chapel." We were glad to hear from Mr. Andujar and wish him much success in his missionary work, and that the fleas may become less troublesome.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Query, Mr. Isaac and Mrs. Bouse Query, Misses Mag E. Hanawalt and Fannie A. Greene started at 5.15 A. M. 14th inst., equipped with wraps, provisions, &c., for a drive to the Gettysburg battle ground, arriving there about 10 A. M., 16th inst., where they were obliged by the accompaniment of Mr. Solt, who lives on the Trostle farm, scene of hard fighting by Ninth Mass. Battery. The party had been directed to Mr. Solt by Rev. F. Adams. They found him a very kind and obliging man, well prepared to explain everything of interest on the battlefield. After lodging at Mr. Solt's two nights in the old house where Union officers and soldiers received surgical treatment during the battle, they left via Chambersburg and McConnellsburg for home, arriving at dark on 19th inst. The party extend their sincere thanks to Mr. Solt and family for their surprising accommodation.

S. B. G.

CALVIN.

Elmer Irvin visited at Knightsville over Sunday.

Frank Mierley lost a valuable horse a few days ago.

Henry Query claims to have the largest apple crop in this section.

Wm. Melcher and wife, of Huntingdon, visited at the parental home over Sunday.

Mrs. B. F. Mierley has contracted a very severe cold and is threatened with pneumonia.

J. B. Gosnell and wife, of Williamsburg, are visiting for a few days among friends here.

Some farmers are still sowing wheat and rye. We suppose that they expect to reap bountifully next season.

Mrs. J. O. Heaton and Miss Bernice Houck, of Cassville, were calling on their many friends here on Saturday.

Anan Roland has our thanks for a perfect quince measuring twelve inches in circumference and weighing fourteen ounces.

Mr. Gracy, of Huntingdon, who is selling groceries for the wholesale firm of Bayer & Beaver, called on our merchants on Monday.

We don't believe the road supervisors in this section read the news papers very

much or they would heed the misfortune of some of their brother officers.

D. K. Coder and son, Coy, killed three turkeys the first day of the hunting season and two the second day. Bert Long killed two turkeys, two pheasants and ten squirrels the first day of the hunting season.

There are a good many big corn ears according to reports, some numbering as high as thirty-two rows around and something less than twenty-four inches in length. Geo. Saylor raised a stalk that had twenty ears on it.

TODD.

The woods ring with the sound of the sportsman's gun.

J. A. Cook sold his house, the purchaser being from Altoona.

Henry Anderson is visiting at the home of his son Will Anderson.

Harry Kidd and family are visiting at the home of his brother Robert Kidd.

Wild turkeys appear to be plenty from the number that have been killed in the valley since the season came in.

Zeno O. Heeter has purchased a farm situated up along the mountain and formerly owned by Wm. Houck.

We are sorry to learn that Howard Saylor, eldest son of Amon Saylor, is lying in Johnstown hospital with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Mary Curfman returned home on Saturday after a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Stapleton, of Saxton.

Mrs. Zetta McClain disposed of her household goods by public sale last week and is making her home, for the present, with her sister, Mrs. Newton McClain.

LATTA GROVE.

Miles Quarry and family drove to Gettysburg and back last week.

Kimmel's sawmill is running full time on George L. Smith's land and is doing good work.

E. E. Quarry and family, of Altoona, are visiting parents and friends in this section. Mr. Quarry is spending part of his time looking for game.

Peter D. Bowman, of Grapeville, killed two wild turkeys this season. M. E. Dell killed twelve squirrels the first day of the hunting season. M. J. Monihen killed one turkey and Jack Dell killed one squirrel in four days hunting. Willis Kyler, of Grapeville, has been hunting five days with no success. Game is scarce.

A Land Mark of Methodism.

In every forest, whether on rocky, steep, undulating slope, or alluvial plain, the careful observer may see towering above the surrounding trees one giant, though old yet young, whose sturdy trunk and agile branches, clinging to limbs of herculean strength, have withstood the fierce attack of countless storms. To such a tree, all other trees seem to look for guidance during calm days and for protection when the angry winds shriek and howl with unrelenting fury. It is no small pleasure to stand beneath the shady boughs of one of these patriarchs of the woodland and contemplate the goodness of Almighty in providing such specimens of strength and durability. Only in the presence of such leafy emblems of sublimity can we fully appreciate Bryant when he says:

"*** "For his simple heart Might not resist the sacred influences Which, from the stilly twilight of the place, And from the gray old trunks that high in heaven Mingled their mossy boughs, and from the sound

Of the invisible breath that swayed at once All their green tops, stole over him and bowed His spirit with the thought of boundless power And inaccessible majesty."

Not only, however, do we find such emblems of majestic beauty in the woods, for in almost every community stands some personage whose sturdy integrity and unimpeachable character stands towering heavenward as a beacon light to guide weary wayfarers along the treacherous shoals of life. Greatness does not exist alone with those who sit in royal palaces or with those who perform some act which causes the focused vision of mankind to rest upon them. True greatness frequently dwells in worshipful modesty.

Such is the character of one whom the people of Union and Cass townships love to call Aunt Sallie or Grandmother Curfman, of Smith valley. She was born in the time when the greater part of both townships was the undisturbed home of bruin and wild deer. When she first came with her husband to the farm on which she now lives, save a mere "cow-path" no road extended through

the valley, and but a few cleared fields were to be found between Sallito and Mill Creek, the present borough of Mapleton being a primitive "sugar grove." Though living in such primitive obscurity, this daughter of the pines found plenty of opportunity to worship and praise God. There is not living in a radius of many miles one whom she has not instructed in religious life, and but few whom she has not known from babyhood.

When no church existed in all the "region round about," she consecrated her life to the Christ whose ministering servants held meetings in the not much better than log cabin homes scattered far and near. In her early days, she frequently walked ten miles to hear some humble preacher depict the beatitudes of the Holy Redeemer. Though now nearly ninety years old, she has been a consistent follower of sanctity since the age of thirteen. What a life! For more than an ordinary life she has stood as one directing weary pilgrims in the path of righteousness. Her mind being the storehouse of truth culled from constant perusal of the Book, she was sought by many as a teacher of the Word.

Grandmother's seat was rarely vacant at class meeting. She has told the writer of meetings attended when such were held behind closed doors; for a few survive who remember when that was the custom in the Methodist church. Not only was she always present but she always had many words of encouragement for those in attendance with her. To those who sat in "meeting" with her, knowing the purity of her character and the sublimity of her faith, she seemed to drink from the rivers of grace. A halo of radiant glory seemed to beam from her countenance as she declared her faith in God and described the burning, soul-uplifting experience she enjoyed. Many young people, though not members of the church, went to class because they loved to hear this good woman speak. Who can estimate the influence her expressions of praise have had on many of the boys and girls who are now grandparents living in every quarter of the Union? Less than one year ago the writer conversed with Grandmother whose mind was as active as a girl of twenty, but filled with much real knowledge gained by a ripe experience.

Though now in feeble health she is sought by those who desire to sit at her feet to receive words of encouragement. Sometime since this Christian woman became the victim of a paralytic stroke but we are happy to learn that she is now convalescing. May her spirit be permitted to dwell among us for years yet, is the prayer of one whom she has encouraged times without number.

It affords us great pleasure to be permitted to pen these few imperfect lines in honor and testimony of a character imbued with Christian piety and neighborly charity.

A FRIEND.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is not a mere stimulant to tired nature. It affords the stomach complete and absolute rest by digesting the food you eat. You don't have to diet but can enjoy all the good food you want. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure instantly relieves that distressed feeling after eating, giving you new life and vigor. W. H. Spangler.

Sale Register.

Tuesday, October 29, 1901, B. E. Greenland will sell at the late residence of Mrs. Mary E. Greenland, in Union township, near Colfax, one mare, cow, hog, chickens, buggies, harness, hay and household goods. Sale to commence at one o'clock.

Mothers everywhere praise One Minute Cough Cure for the sufferings it has relieved and the lives of their little ones it has saved. Strikes at the root of the trouble and draws out the inflammation. The children's favorite Cough Cure. W. H. Spangler.

Teacher: How many of my scholars can remember the longest sentence they ever read?
Billy: Please, mum, I can.
Teacher: What, is there only one? Well, William, you may tell the rest of the scholars the longest sentence you ever read.
Billy: Imprisonment for life.

"I had long suffered from indigestion," writes G. A. LeDeis, Cedar City, Mo. "Like others, I tried many preparations but never found anything that did me good until I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. One bottle cured me. A friend who had suffered similarly I put on the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. He is gaining fast and will soon be able to work. Before he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure indigestion had made him a total wreck. W. H. Spangler.

Algebra.

All persons wishing to begin the study of Algebra can be accommodated by coming to Cassville each Saturday afternoon. Write for particulars to
I. Wm. J. McClain,
Cassville, Pa.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers never disappoint. They are safe, prompt, gentle, effective in removing all impurities from the liver and bowels. Small and easy to take. Nerver gripe or distress. W. H. Spangler.

MARRIED.

SWARTZ—CUMMINS—At Mapleton, Pa., October 15, 1901, by John C. Garrett, J. P., George C. Swartz and Blanche J. Cummins, both of Yeagertown, Pa.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION
PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION
Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One to Article Eight, Section One. Add at the end of the first paragraph of said section, after the words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," the words "subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Qualifications of Electors. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

1. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.
2. He shall have resided in the State one year (or, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.
3. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.
4. If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Amendment Two to Article Eight, Section Seven.

Strike out from said section the words "but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered," and add to said section the following words, "but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 7. Uniformity of Election Laws.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION
PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION
Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment.

Strike out section four of article eight, and insert in place thereof, as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law; Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

FOR SALE—Single barrel, breech-loading shot gun. Price, \$6.00. L. L. PARKER, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

NOTICE.—Having been appointed by the heirs of Mary E. Greenland, late of Union township, deceased, to settle the estate of the said decedent, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same on or before December 1st, 1901, to
B. E. GREENLAND,
Bellwood, Pa.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby notified to not trespass on any lands owned by the undersigned for the purpose of hunting; cutting, damaging or taking away timber; gathering berries, pilfering fruit, or any other purpose. All violations of this notice will be dealt with as the law directs.
J. S. HEARN,
Union Township, October 1, 1901.

NOTICE.—Some unscrupulous person or persons are said to be hatching up imitations of my medicines and offering the same for sale, some packages having my labels upon them, others none at all. No person or agents in or having been in our employ were ever taught nor even allowed to look upon our formulas, except the druggist aiding us in compounding our medicines. Penalty for this crime is black and deep fraud and upon evidence to convict, prosecutions will be made, as imitations of our remedies are not reliable nor safe. W. C. ELLIS.
Huntingdon, Pa. 10-23-01

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jas. A. Taylor, late of Cass township, Huntingdon county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to
HENRY TAYLOR, Administrator,
McConnellsburg, Pa.
W. H. & J. S. Woods, Attys.,
Huntingdon, Pa., Oct. 23, 1901. 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of John Chilcoat, late of Union township, Huntingdon county, Pa., deceased.

Letters of administration on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them without delay for settlement to
B. F. AFRICA, Administrator,
W. H. & J. S. Woods, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Attorneys,
Huntingdon, Pa., Oct. 21, 1901.—6t



RISES DAILY
in Public Estimation.
THE SMITH PREMIER TYPEWRITER.

It has won its way around the world on Real Merit.

THE SMITH PREMIER....

marks the very highest point reached in writing machine mechanism.

It is the most durable writing machine made, and being good at every point in its superior construction does the best work for the longest time and thoroughly satisfies buyer and user.

PRINTED MATTER FREE.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

No. 23 South Eighth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fall and Winter Seasonable Merchandise.

Underwear

A large assortment of undergarments just received. Quality and prices right.

Overshirts & Storm Coats

These goods are seasonable. Examine them.

Footwear

We have a splendid stock of boots and shoes, rubber boots and felts. Call and see how quality and price compare with those of other dealers.

Dry Goods

New line received and additions being constantly made.

Groceries

Stock clean and fresh. We have a large assortment of staple goods.

THANKING you for your past patronage, and if you want anything in our line, come and see us and we will treat you right.

Produce taken in exchange for goods.

M. P. TRUAX,
MAPLETON, PA.



THE "ITEM"
\$1.00 per Year.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Oct. 23, 1901.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1901.

	P.M.	Night	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
New York	8.00	12.15	.....	9.30	.....	.....
Philadelphia	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.40	12.25	5.30
Washington	10.40	.....	.....	7.50	10.50	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.45	.....	8.37	11.45	.....

	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly
Harrisburg	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville		8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon		8.35	12.16	.....	.....	5.34
Newport		9.05	12.37	.....	.....	6.02
Millersburg		9.14	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsonstown		9.23	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal		9.40	1.07	.....	.....	6.38
Mifflin		9.45	1.11	.....	.....	6.43
Lewistown		9.45	1.10	.....	.....	6.47
McVeytown		9.52	1.10	.....	.....	6.50
N. Hamilton		10.04	1.24	.....	.....	7.00
Mount Union		10.08	1.28	.....	.....	7.04
Mapleton		10.11	1.31	.....	.....	7.07
Huntingdon		10.15	1.35	.....	.....	7.11
Petersburg		10.17	1.39	.....	.....	7.13
Birmingham		10.24	1.46	.....	.....	7.20
Tyrone		10.32	1.54	.....	.....	7.28
Bellwood		10.39	1.59	.....	.....	7.35
Altoona		10.40	2.00	.....	.....	7.36
Pittsburg		10.50	2.10	.....	.....	7.46

Harrisburg 10.25, Marysville 10.39, Duncannon 10.51, Newport 11.12, Millersburg, 11.19, Mifflin 11.44, Lewistown Junction 12.02, p. m., Huntingdon 12.58, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"l" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

	Week days	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly	D'ly
Pittsburg		3.00	8.00	.....	12.45	4.50
Altoona		4.40	7.10	11.40	2.05	5.55
Bellwood		4.52	7.25	11.52	2.19	6.10
Tyrone		5.01	7.43	12.03	2.35	6.27
Birmingham		5.08	7.48	12.07	2.40	6.32
Petersburg		5.25	8.12	.....	3.03	6.56
Huntingdon		5.37	8.25	12.35	3.17	7.10
Mapleton		5.51	8.42	.....	3.35	7.24
Mt. Union		5.56	8.48	12.54	3.42	7.29
N. Hamilton		6.01	8.53	.....	3.47	7.34
McVeytown		6.17	9.10	1.14	4.08	7.51
Lewistown		6.38	9.30	1.33	4.33	8.10
Mifflin		6.58	9.51	1.50	4.55	8.30
Port Royal		7.02	9.54	.....	5.00	8.34
Thompsonstown		7.17	10.09	.....	5.18	8.48
Millersburg		7.26	10.17	.....	5.28	8.57
Newport		7.35	10.27	.....	5.39	9.05
Duncannon		7.40	10.49	.....	5.44	9.09
Marysville		7.43	11.02	.....	5.56	9.13
Rockville		7.48	11.07	.....	6.02	9.18
Harrisburg		7.50	11.20	.....	6.10	9.20

Pittsburg 3.00, Altoona 6.25, Tyrone 6.47, Huntingdon 7.17, Lewistown Junction 8.05, Harrisburg 9.30 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Balti		12.10	12.10	3.11	6.00	9.45
Wahg'tn		1.15	1.15	4.13	7.15	.....
Phila.		11.48	12.17	3.17	6.23	10.20
New York		2.13	2.53	5.53	9.30	3.53

Additional trains are run as under: Leave Pittsburg 9.00 P. M. daily, Altoona 1.05 A. M., Huntingdon 1.53 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 4.20 A. M., Philadelphia 7.17 A. M. Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 P. M., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 P. M., Philadelphia 5.47 P. M., New York 8.03 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

"x" stops to discharge passengers from East Liberty, Pittsburg and beyond.

Connecting trains leave as follows: At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.40, A. M. and 1.40 P. M. week days.

At Huntingdon.—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone.—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., and 3.30 P. M. week days, and 7.20 P. M. daily.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.15 and 7.15 P. M. week days. 8.10 A. M. Sundays.

For Scotia 7.50 A. M. and 3.00 P. M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 26, 1900.

	NORTH.				SOUTH.			
No. 7.	Irreg.	Mail	Mail	STATIONS.	No. 2.	Irreg.	Mail	Mail
p. m.	.....	.....	.....	.....	A. M.	p. m.	.....	.....
5.00	12.50	6.00	.....	Robertsdale	11.19	6.36	6.50	.....
5.10	1.02	6.12	.....	Cook's	11.04	6.24	6.39	.....
5.22	1.14	6.29	.....	Cole's	10.49	6.12	6.29	.....
5.42	1.42	6.57	.....	Saltito	10.19	5.42	5.56	.....
5.50	1.50	7.05	.....	Three Springs	10.10	5.21	5.50	.....
6.02	2.03	7.17	.....	*Pogue	9.57	5.07	5.40	.....
6.14	2.18	7.32	.....	Rockhill	9.45	4.44	5.30	.....
.....	2.35	7.47	.....	Shirley	9.25	4.29	.....	.....
.....	2.44	7.57	.....	*Augh. Mills	9.16	4.21	.....	.....
p. m.	.....	.....	.....	Mount Union	9.00	4.06	.....	.....

Irregular No. 5 leaves Robertsdale 7.43, Cook's 7.55, Cole's 8.07, Saltito 8.35, Three Springs 8.43, Pogue 8.55, arrive at Rockhill 9.10 A. M. Saturday only, No. 7 leaves Robertsdale 3.15, Cook's 3.26, Cole's 3.38, Saltito 4.02, Three Springs 4.10, Pogue 4.22, arrive at Rockhill 4.35 P. M. Irregular No. 8 leaves Rockhill 2.20, Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltito 2.51, Cole's 3.19, Cook's 3.31, arrive at Robertsdale 3.45 P. M. Saturday only, Reg. No. 8 leaves Rockhill 1.00, Pogue 1.13, Three Springs 1.25, Saltito 1.42, Cole's 2.00, Cook's 2.12, arrive at Robertsdale 2.25 P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

	WEST.				EAST			
No. 13.	Irreg.	Mail	Mail	STATIONS.	No. 9.	Irreg.	Mail	Mail
p. m.	.....	.....	.....	.....	A. M.	p. m.	.....	.....
5.50	7.20	.....	.....	L. Rockhill A	6.25	4.55	.....	.....
5.43	7.13	.....	.....	*Blacklog	6.32	5.02	.....	.....
5.35	7.05	.....	.....	*Cedar Rock	6.40	5.10	.....	.....
5.31	7.01	.....	.....	*Locke Vall'y	6.44	5.14	.....	.....
5.25	6.55	.....	.....	*Shade Gap	6.50	5.20	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	Stair	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	A Goshorn L.	.....	.....	.....	.....

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

*Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue. A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

Promotion Comes from Exceptional Work.

As a rule it is the employee who does something out of the ordinary, something which the others associated with him do not do, who is promoted quickly, sometimes even over the heads of those who have been in the business much longer than he has. He takes more pains with his work, does it more rapidly, shows more interest in his employer's affairs, evinces more intelligence and originality in his methods, or, in some other way, especially commends himself to his employer's attention as one worthy of promotion.

Employers are not blind to what is going on around them, and though they may often seem unobservant, they are always watching those under them. They know who shirks, who watches the clock, who clips a few minutes, here and there, from his employer's time; who comes a little late in the morning and goes a little earlier in the evening; in other words, they keep thoroughly posted in regard to the work and general conduct of their employees.

Every employer appreciates faithfulness and reliability, and soon learns to know those whom he can trust and those he cannot. No matter whether he has seen a clerk shirk his duties, or not, if he is a shirker, he instinctively feels it. This is perfectly natural, and quite in keeping with the manner in which we estimate those with whom we come in daily contact. There are many who, though they may not lie to or deceive us, yet because they habitually do these things, we instinctively distrust them. Something tells us that they are not quite reliable. In the same way, an employer reads the character of his employees. He knows those who will shirk, when they get an opportunity; he can pick out those that will work while they feel they are being observed, but who will dawdle when the master's eyes are not upon them, and are not absolutely reliable. A laborer who will not, under any circumstances, neglect his work, who is faithful to his duty, whether his employer is around or not, is always appreciated. Absolute reliability in an employee is indispensable, if he expects to advance. No employer likes to be surrounded with those in whom he lacks confidence. He wants to feel that, whether he is present or absent, the work will go on just the same; that, if anything, his assistants will try to be more faithful when he is away.

The employee who advances rapidly is the one always on the watch to promote his employer's interests, the one who tries in every way possible to supplement him, to make the work lighter, to carry out his plans.

Therefore, faithfulness, absolute reliability, a single eye to the employer's interest, and close, careful industry, are the keys to promotion.—John E. Hower, in Success.

Tot Causes Night Alarm.

"One night my brother's baby was taken with Croup," writes Mrs. J. C. Snider, of Crittenden, Ky. "It seemed it would strangle before we could get a doctor, so we gave it Dr. King's New Discovery which gave quick relief and permanently cured it. We always keep it in the house to protect our children from Croup and Whooping Cough. It cured me of a chronic bronchial trouble that no other remedy would relieve." Infallible for Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung troubles. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. H. Spangler's store.

A Sunday-school superintendent who happened to be a dry-goods merchant and who was teaching a class of very little tots, asked, when he had finished explaining the lesson, Now, has any one a question to ask! A very small girl raised her hand. What is it, Martha? asked the superintendent.

Why, Mr. Brooks, how much are those little, red parasols in your window? asked Martha.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of Liver Trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at W. H. Spangler's store.

Argument Court.

The regular session of October Argument court convened on Monday forenoon. Disposition was made in following matters:

In the matter of the motion for a new trial in the case of Sanker vs. The Penna. R. R. Co., the court handed down an opinion refusing a new trial.

F. S. Wiet, guardian of the minor children of David S. Weit, late of Juniata township, deceased, authorized to purchase certain real estate in Huntingdon.

G. Chal. Port, guardian of William Barrick, of Huntingdon, authorized to make sale of ward's interest in certain lot in borough of Huntingdon.

Report of Samuel I. Spyker, auditor to make distribution of balance in hands of John G. Simpson, administrator of the estate of Edward S. Brown, late of the borough of Huntingdon confirmed.

Certain investments made by J. B. Braden, guardian of minor children of W. Riley Thompson, late of Jackson township, deceased, approved.

Return of sale of real estate of Lucy W. Heaton, deceased, in Cassville, to J. L. Houck, approved.

In re proceedings in partition in the estate of A. H. Brumbaugh, late of Huntingdon, deceased; B. F. Godard appointed guardian pro hac vice for certain minors in interest.

In re estate of Richard Silverthorn, late of Tell township, deceased; B. F. Godard appointed guardian pro hac vice, of certain minors, under the rule to show cause why certain real estate should not be sold.

Chas. C. Brewster appointed trustee of fund due Elizabeth Harris, under will of her husband William Harris, late of Penn township, deceased.

Abram Graffius, guardian of minor children of Gilbert Neff, late of Logan township, deceased, authorized to execute a quit claim deed for ward's interest in certain farm in said township of Logan.

Report of Chas. C. Brewster, master in divorce in case of Ida May Betts vs. John T. Betts, filed.

Harry W. Petrikon appointed master in divorce in case of Annie E. Snyder vs. David James S. Woods appointed master in divorce in case of Jesse O. McClain vs. Ellen McClain.

W. E. Cassidy appointed Judge of Election for Spruce Creek township.

In re libel in divorce, Bessie M. Huber vs. Luther S. Huber, subpoena awarded.

Petition of Ellis Iddings for scire facias to show cause why certain mortgage on his farm in Henderson township, should not be satisfied.

George McCool appointed viewer on road in Juniata township in place of J. Murray Simpson.

Orders were filed by the court changing the times of holding the respective terms of court, to be as follows: The regular terms to begin on the first Monday of February, May and September and on the second Monday of December; the time for argument courts to be the first Monday of January, March and June and the second Monday of October.

William H. Trude, Howard L. Henderson and Theodore C. Jackson, were upon motion of J. F. Schock, Chairman of the Committee of Examiners, admitted to practice in the several courts of the county.

In re John Carr vs. Thomas S. Johnson and Henrietta Johnston; in equity; decree filed ordering defendants to execute a deed to plaintiff for certain land in Porter township.

Chas. C. Brewster appointed master in divorce under libel in case of Charles Chaney vs. Hattie Chaney.

In the surety of the peace case in which Edward Green was complainant and Dr. George W. Simpson defendant, the latter was discharged, but directed to pay one-fourth of the cost.

Stepped Into Live Coals.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sores, Bruises and Piles. Sold by W. H. Spangler. 25 cents.

Are You Thinking

Of getting married? If you are buy your wedding ring at Zerby's Jewelry Store, 516 Penn street, Huntingdon, Pa.

New Furniture Store.

The Heidel Furniture Co. announce to the public that they are open for business in the rear of

T. A. Appleby's Store,

Mount Union, Pa.

We can furnish promptly all kinds of furniture, carpets, matings, etc. All kinds of repairing and repainting neatly done.

Heidel Furniture Co.,

Mount Union, Pa.

WM. REED & SONS

Dress Goods

The new woollens for waists and dresses are selling finely. It's a pleasure to show such a collection of beautiful stuffs. Every desirable new weave is here and in greatest abundance. The values of our Dress Goods Department have never suffered by comparison with any.

Our Broadcloth, all wool, 44 inch, at 75c is one of the finest values we have ever offered. Better and wider ones are \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

In black and all colors we are showing Etamines, Cheviots, Broadcloths, Soliel Cloths, Bison Cloth, Hop Sacking, Granite Cloths, Venetians, Cashmeres, Serges, etc.

A most beautiful stock of waist cloths in exclusive styles runs from 25c to \$1.00 per yard. Flannelettes in French flannel styles are 8c, 10c, 12c and 15c.

We have the latest things in linings and trimmings for all these materials.

SILKS

The line of plain and fancy silks is immense and full of most beautiful effects. Just a few prices to show you how they run. All silk Taffeta full width 50c, 75c and up.

Black and white silks in bold stripes are very good, as are also gray Jasper or silver effects, both of which are shown in great variety and at popular prices.

Our Black Silks have never failed to give satisfaction in every respect. Send for samples.

The Munsing Plated Underwear

So widely advertised and favorably known, is shown in the best styles and grades. It is the best fitting and most satisfactory underwear we know of.

A complete stock of all kinds of underwear, hosiery and gloves is ready to give you ideas.

Every department is full of new things. If you cannot come, write.

Wm Reed & Sons,

Huntingdon, Pa.

The Best Advertisement

We Can Have Is a Well Satisfied Customer

WE have many of them—permanent patrons—but we still have room for more. RUNNING IN A RUT means selling old things to people who want new things. We keep from buying "stickers." We are constantly buying NEW GOODS—up-to-date goods. We let careless merchants handle shoddy good—goods people don't want.

We Quote a Few Prices:

Line of Cakes	-	-	5c per pound
Finest Rolled Oats	-	-	3 lb for 10 cents
Fancy California Prunes	-	-	5c per pound
Rio Roasted Coffee	-	-	14c per pound
Corn Starch	-	-	3 lb for 10 cents
Canned Goods	-	-	4 cans for 25c and upwards

Hats and Caps, Clothing, Wall Paper, etc. Every line full and prices lowest.

Visit us. Satisfy yourself.

J. G. GILLAM.

I CAN SAVE YOU SOMETHING

ON EVERY PURCHASE

Goods Well Bought are Half Sold

Therefore come quickly or you miss the greatest opportunity of the season. * * * * *

Bound to please you in my new styles of * * * *

High Grade Shoes at Moderate Prices

Remember this is a well bought stock. Bought on its merits as to beauty, style and quality. Bought direct from the makers, and above all bought for spot cash. Therefore my complete stock is already half sold. Come right in, close up the sales and get the bargains.

J. C. HAZLETT, Huntingdon, Pa.

1901

TO-DAY

Our present facilities and means of serving the trade is better than ever in the past, but the underlying principle of our business is the same—earnest and honest endeavor to give dollar for dollar, and deserve your good will and confidence.

Our Stock of Spring and Summer Goods is large and complete, consisting in part of Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, &c.

We invite special attention to our line of Ladies' Sailor Hats, —new styles in rough and fine straw; also largest assortment in town in Men's straw, crash and wool Hats, &c.

Don't forget his store sells 6 lbs. nice prunes for 25c.

We solicit your patronage.

J. L. Houck, Cassville, Pa.

Fashions in Golf Implements.

There is a fashion in the implements of golf, as in other things. When Harry Vardon came so prominently to the front a few years ago it was observed that the shafts of his clubs were unusually short and the club heads somewhat light. Taylor also favors short shafts, and although not such a long driver as Vardon, he is exceptionally accurate and seldom off the line. The consequence is that most of the English makers are now turning out play clubs and brasses with shorter shafts, and in many cases the change has worked for good.—London Telegraph.

The musical crank is always ready to do a turn.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Between the years 1760 and 1776 100,000 pounds of silk were exported from Georgia to England.

MISS LAURA HOWARD,

President South End Ladies' Golf Club, Chicago, Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After the Best Doctors Had Failed To Help Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can thank you for perfect health to-day. Life looked so dark to me a year or two ago. I had constant pains, my limbs swelled, I had dizzy spells, and never



MISS LAURA HOWARD, CHICAGO.

knew one day how I would feel the next. I was nervous and had no appetite, neither could I sleep soundly nights. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, used in conjunction with your Sanative Wash, did more for me than all the medicines and the skill of the doctors. For eight months I have enjoyed perfect health. I verily believe that most of the doctors are guessing and experimenting when they try to cure a woman with an assortment of complications, such as mine; but you do not guess. How I wish all suffering women could only know of your remedy; there would be less suffering I know."—LAURA HOWARD, 113 Newberry Ave., Chicago, Ill.—\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are ill to write her for advice. Address Lynn, Mass., giving full particulars.

LIBBY'S

Mince Meat.

In our mammoth kitchen we employ a chef who is an expert in making mince pies. He has charge of making all of Libby's Mince Meat. He uses the very choicest materials. He is told to make the best Mince Meat ever sold—and he does. Get a package at your grocer's; enough for two large pies. You'll never use another kind again.

Libby's Atlas of the World, with 32 new maps, size 8x11 inches, sent anywhere for 10 cts. in stamps. Our Booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," mailed free.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, CHICAGO.

Train and Bullet Met.

Some reckless hunter took a shot at the R. G. W. pay car as it was coming up through the fields below town late Sunday evening, the ball from the rifle going directly through two open windows of the car and narrowly missing the inmates who were near the window. The engineer mistook the report of the gun for the signal of a torpedo and stopped the car and ran back to the spot of the shooting, but was unable to discover the man who had fired the shot.—Mount Pleasant (Utah) Pyramid.

The fellow who never has anything of importance to say always manages to say it.

Greatest Woman in All History.

In answer to the question "Who is the greatest woman in all history?" put to 200 Macon County (Mo.) teachers, Miss Nannie Vickroy, of Macon, made a unique answer, which was awarded the prize for its originality. Miss Vickroy passed over Queen Victoria, Frances Willard, Helen Gould and other women whose names were the most popular and declared: "The wife of the Missouri farmer of moderate means, who does her own cooking, washing and ironing; brings up a large family of girls and boys to be useful members of society, and finds time for her own intellectual and moral improvement is 'the greatest woman in all history.'"—Chicago Tribune.

"Straws Show Which Way the Wind Blows."

and the constantly increasing demand for and steady growth in popularity of St. Jacobs Oil among all classes of people in every part of the civilized world show conclusively what remedy the people use for their Rheumatism and bodily aches and pains. Facts speak louder than words, and the fact remains undisputed that the sale of St. Jacobs Oil is greater than all other remedies for outward application combined. It acts like magic, cures where everything else fails, conquers pain.

Boston was the first city in the country to establish free public baths.

Permission has been given for the erection of a crematory in Madrid, Spain.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that is necessary. Sold by all druggists.

A square foot of honeycomb contains about 9000 cells.

It doesn't take an agriculturist to raise a row.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, price, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A woman need never hope to keep a secret. Age will tell on her.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

False teeth are now made from paper and are said to last a lifetime.

Brooklyn, N. Y., October 22d.—The Garfield Tea Co., manufacturers of Garfield Tea, Garfield Headache Powders, Garfield Tea Syrup, Garfield Relief Plasters, Garfield Digestive Tablets and Garfield Lotion, are now occupying the large and elegant office, building and laboratory recently erected by them. For many years the Garfield Remedies have been growing in popularity and their success is well deserved.

Germany has one physician to every 2000 inhabitants; the United States one to every 636.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

There are 30,000 Portuguese in Massachusetts, Boston having over 3000.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Among the 282 medical journals published in the United States, twenty-eight are devoted exclusively to hygiene.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: The Persuasive Word — It Calls All People to Gladness — What We Most Need—The Star of Faith—There is Pardon For All.

(Copyright, 1901.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage calls all people to gladness and opens all the doors of expectancy; texts, Genesis vi, 18, "Come;" Revelation xii, 17, "Come."

Imperial, tender and all persuasive is the word "come." Six hundred and seventy-eight times it is found in the Scriptures. It stands at the front gate of the Bible, as in my first text, inviting antediluvians into Noah's ark, and it stands at the other gate of the Bible, as in my second text, inviting the postdiluvians of all later ages into the ark of a Saviour's mercy. "Come" is only a word of four letters, but it is the queen of words, and nearly the entire nation of English vocabulary bows to its sceptre. It is an ocean into which empties ten thousand rivers of meaning. Other words drive, but this beckons. All moods of feeling hath that word "come." Sometimes it weeps and sometimes it laughs. Sometimes it prays, sometimes it tempts and sometimes it destroys. It sounds from the door of the church and from the seraglio of sin, from the gates of heaven and the gates of hell. It is confluent and accretion of all power. It is the heir of most of the future. "Come!" You may pronounce it so that all the heavens will be heard in its cadences or pronounce it so that all the woes of time and eternity shall reverberate in its one syllable. It is on the lip of saint and prodigal. It is the mightiest of all solicitants either for good or bad.

To-day I weigh anchor and haul in the planks and set sail on that great word, although I am sure I will not be able to reach the farther shore. I will let down the fathoming line into this sea and try to measure its depths, and, though I tie together all the cables and cordage I have on board I will not be able to touch bottom. All the power of the Christian religion is in that word "come." The dictatorial and commendatory in religion are of no avail. The imperative mood is not the appropriate mood when we would have people savingly impressed. They may be coaxed, but they cannot be driven. Our hearts are like our homes—at a friendly knock the door will be opened, but an attempt to force open our door would land the assailant in prison. Our theological seminaries, which keep young men three years in their curriculum before launching them into the ministry, will do well if in so short a time they can teach the candidates for the holy office how to say with great emphasis and intonation and power that one word "come." That man who has such efficiency in Christian work, and that woman who has such power to persuade people to quit the wrong and begin the right way through a series of losses, bereavements, persecutions and the trials of twenty or thirty years before they could make it a triumph of grace every time they uttered the word "come."

You must remember that in many cases our "come" has a mightier "come" to conquer before it has any effect at all. Just give me the accurate census, the statistics of how many are down in fraud, in drunkenness, in gambling, in impurity or in vice of any sort, and I will give you the accurate census or statistics of how many have been slain by the word "come." "Come and click wine glasses with me at this ivory bar." "Come and see what we can win at this gaming table." "Come, enter with me this doubtful speculation." "Come with me and read those infidel tracts on Christianity." "Come with me to a place of bad amusement." "Come with me in a gay bout through the underground life of the city." If in this city there are 20,000 who are down in moral character, then 20,000 fell under the power of the word "come." I was reading of a wife whose husband had been overthrown by strong drink, and she went to the saloon where he was ruined, and she said, "Give me back my husband." And the bartender, pointing to a maudlin and battered man drowsing in the corner of the barroom, said: "There he is. Jim, wake up. Here's your wife come for you." And the woman said: "Do you call that my husband? What have you been doing with him? Is that the manly brow, is that the clear eye, is that the noble heart that I married? What vile drug have you given him that has turned him into a fiend? Take your tiger claws off of him. Uncoil those serpent folds of evil habit that are crushing him. Give me back my husband, the one with whom I stood at the altar ten years ago. Give him back to me." Victim was he, as millions of others have been, of the word "come."

Now, we want all the world over to harness this word for good as others have harnessed it for evil, and it will draw the five continents and the seas between them—yes, it will draw the whole earth back to the God from whom it has wandered. It is that wooing and persuasive word that will lead men to give up their sins. Was skepticism ever brought into love of the truth by an ebullition of hot words against infidelity? Was ever the blasphemer stopped in his oaths by denunciation of blasphemy? Was ever a drunkard weaned from his cups by the temperance lecturer's mimicry of staggering step and hiccup? No. It was "Come with me to church to-day and hear our singing." "Come and let me introduce you to a Christian man whom you will be sure to admire." "Come with me into associations that are cheerful and good and inspiring." "Come with me into joy such as you never before experienced."

With that word which has done so much for others I approach you to-day. Are you all right with God? "No," you say. "I think not. I am sometimes alarmed when I think of Him. I fear I will not be ready to meet Him in the last day. My heart is not right with God." Come, then, and have it made right. Through the Christ who died to save you, come! What is the use in waiting? The longer you wait the farther off you are and the deeper you are down. Strike out for heaven! You remember that a few years ago a steamer called the Princess Alice, with a crowd of excursionists aboard, sank in the Thames, and there was an awful sacrifice of life. A boatman from the shore put out for the rescue, and he had a big boat, and he got it so full it would not hold another person, and as he laid hold of the cars to pull for the shore, leaving hundreds helpless and drowning, he cried out, "Oh, that I had a bigger boat!" Thank God I am not thus limited, and that I can promise room for all in this gospel boat. Get in, get in! And yet there is room. Room in the heart of a pardoning God. Room in heaven.

What we all need, whether up or down in life or half way between, is the infinite solace of the Christian religion. And so

we employ the word "come." It will take all eternity to find out the number of business men who have been strengthened by the promises of God and the people who have been fed by the ravens when other resources gave out and the men and women who, going into this battle armed only with needle or saw or axe or yardstick or pen or type or shovel or shoelast, have gained a victory that made the heaven resound. With all the resources of God promised for every exigency no one need be left in the lurch.

I like the faith displayed years ago in Drury lane, London, in an humble home where every particle of food had given out and a kindly soul entered with tea and other table supplies and found a kettle on the fire ready for the tea. The benevolent lady said, "How is that you have the kettle ready for the tea when you had no tea in the house?" And the daughter in the home said: "Mother would have me put the kettle on the fire, and when I said, 'What is the use of doing so when we have nothing in the house?' she said: 'My child, God will provide. Thirty years He has already provided for me through all pain and helplessness, and He will not leave me to starve at last. He will send us help though we do not see how. We have been waiting all day for something to come, but until we saw you we knew not how it was to come.' Such things the world may call coincidences, but I call them Almighty deliverances, and, though you do not hear of them, they are occurring every hour of every day and in all parts of Christendom."

Those who follow the advice of this world in time of perplexity are in a fearful round, for it is one bewildered soul following another bewildered soul, and only those who have in such time got their eye on the morning star of our Christian faith can find their way out or be strong enough to lead others with an all persuasive invitation.

"But," says some one, "you Christian people keep telling us to 'come,' yet you do not tell us how to come." That charge shall not be true on this occasion. Come believing! Come repenting! Come praying! After all that God has been doing for 6000 years, sometimes through patriarchs and sometimes through prophets and at last through the culmination of all the tragedies on Golgotha, can any one think that God will not welcome your coming? Will a father at vast outlay construct a mansion for his son and lay out parks white with statues and green with foliage and all a-sparkle with fountains and then not allow his son to live in the house or walk in the parks? Has God built this house of gospel mercy and will He then refuse entrance to His children? Will a Government at great expense build life-saving stations all along the coast, and boats that can hover unharmed like a petrel over the wildest surge and then, when the lifeboat has reached the wreck of a ship in the offing, not allow the drowning to seize the life line or take the boat for the shore in safety? Shall God provide at the cost of his only Son's assassination escape for a sinking world and then turn a deaf ear to the cry that comes up from the breakers?

"But," you say, "there are so many things I have to believe and so many things in the shape of a creed that I have to adopt that I am kept back." No, no! You need believe but two things—namely, that Jesus Christ came into the world to save sinners and that you are one of them. "But," you say, "I do believe both of those things." Do you really believe them with all your heart? "Yes." Why, then, you have passed from death into life. Why, then, you are a son or a daughter of the Lord Almighty. Why, then, you are an heir or an heiress of an inheritance that will declare dividends from now until long after the stars are dead. Hallelujah! Prince of God, why do you not come and take your coronet? Princess of the Lord Almighty, why do you not mount your throne? Pass up into the light. Your boat is anchored, why do you not go ashore? Just plant your feet hard down, and you will feel under them the Rock of Ages.

I challenge the universe for one instance in which a man in the right spirit appealed for the salvation of the gospel and did not get it. Man alive, are you going to let all the years of your life go away with you without your having this great peace, this glorious hope, this bright expectancy?

Are you going to let the pearl of great price lie in the dust at your feet because you are too indolent or too proud to stoop down and pick it up? Will you wear the chain of evil habit when near by you is the hammer that could with one stroke snap the shackle? Will you stay in the prison of sin when here is a gospel key that could unlock your incarceration? No, no!

As the one word "come" has sometimes brought many souls to Christ, I will try the experiment of piling up into a mountain and then send down in an avalanche of power many of these gospel "comes." "Come thou and all thy house into the ark;" "Come unto Me, all ye who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest;" "Come, for all things are now ready;" "Come with us, and we will do you good;" "Come and see;" "The Spirit and the bride say 'come,' and let him that heareth say 'come,' and let him that is athirst 'come.'" The stroke of one bell in a tower may be sweet, but a score of bells well tuned and rightly lifted and skillfully swung in one great chime fill the heavens with music almost celestial. And no one who has heard the mighty chimes in the towers of Amsterdam or Ghent or Copenhagen can forget them. Now, it seems to me that in this Sabbath hour all heaven is chiming, and the voices of departed friends and kindred ring down the sky, saying, "Come!"

The angels who never fell, bending from sapphire thrones, are chanting, "Come!" Yea, all the towers of heaven, tower of mariys, tower of prophets, tower of apostles, tower of evangelists, tower of the temple of the Lord God and the Lamb are chiming "Come! Come!" Pardon for all, and peace for all, and heaven for all who come.

When Russia was in one of her great wars, the suffering of the soldiers had been long and bitter, and they were waiting for the end of the strife. One day a messenger in great excitement ran among the tents of the army shouting, "Peace! Peace!" The sentinel on guard asked, "Who says peace?" And the sick soldier asked, "Who says peace?" And all up and down the encampment of the Russians went the question, "Who says peace?" Then the messenger responded, "The Czar says 'peace.'" That was enough. That meant going home. That meant the war was over. No more wounds and no more long marches. So to-day, as one of the Lord's messengers, I move through these great encampments of souls and cry, "Peace between earth and heaven! Peace between God and man! Peace between your repenting soul and a pardoning Lord!" If you ask me, "Who says peace?" I answer, "Christ our King declares it." "My peace I give unto you!" "Peace of God that passeth all understanding!" Everlasting peace!

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR OCTOBER 27.

Subject: Joseph and His Brethren, Gen. xlv., 1-15—Golden Text, Rom. xli., 21—Memory Verses, 4-7—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

Introduction.—This chapter, which contains the unraveling of the plot, and wonderfully illustrates the mysteries of these particular providences, is one of the most interesting in the whole account. He saw that his brethren were confounded at his presence, that they were struck with his present power, and that they keenly remembered and deeply deplored their own guilt. It was necessary to comfort them, lest their hearts should have been overwhelmed with overmuch sorrow. How delicate and finely wrought is the analogy he makes for them! What he says also concerning his father shows the warmest feelings of a benevolent and filial heart.

1. "Joseph." Joseph is now thirty-nine years old; he had been in Egypt twenty-two years, and had been governor of Egypt nine years. "Could not refrain." The Hebrew word is very emphatic and signifies to force one's self to do something against nature. Joseph could no longer constrain himself. The severity of the inflexible magistrate gives way to the natural feelings of the man and the brother. "To go out." That is, all of the Egyptians. This was, 1. In order that he might give free and full scope to his feelings. 2. It was the part of prudence to prevent the sins of his brethren from becoming known.

2. "Wept aloud." From the fulness of highly excited emotions. This is the usual way in which Orientals express excited feelings. "Heard." This may mean the servants who may have been within the sound of his voice, or "the words may only signify that the report was brought to Pharaoh's house." V. 16.

3. "I am Joseph." The natural voice, the native tongue, the long remembered features, would all at once strike the apprehension of the brothers. "Troubled." They betrayed their terror by shrinking as far as they could from his presence. The memory of the sins they had committed against Joseph came upon them with great force. They were greatly surprised to find their brother on an Egyptian throne. They knew they were in his power. If he should treat them as they had treated him there would be no hope for them.

4. "Come near to me." He invites them to his free favor. So our Joseph in the gospel bids us come to Him. The gospel message is, "Come unto Me." It is the entreaty of love. "Sold into Egypt." It was impossible to evade allusion to their early wickedness, but this Joseph does in a spirit not of angry upbraiding, but of elevated piety and tender charity. Christ reminded Peter of his sin in order to show how full and complete was the forgiveness. John 21: 15-17.

5. "Be not grieved." He spoke of their having sold him—not to wound their feelings, but to convince them of his identity; and then to reassure their minds he traced the agency of an overruling providence in his exile and present honor. "Did send me." God used their evil to accomplish His purpose. He did not need their evil; He has a thousand ways of accomplishing His ends. "To preserve life." Not only your lives, but the Egyptians and the people of the neighboring countries. The principles laid down by Joseph are, 1. That while sinners are encouraged to hope in God's mercy, they are left without excuse for their sin. 2. That God is able to make use of the wicked actions of wicked men for the advancement of His work.

6. "Neither be earing." "Shall be neither plowing nor harvest." (R. V.) "Ear" is an old English word meaning to plow.

7. "Great deliverance." That is, that you, who are now but a handful, escaping this danger, might grow into a vast multitude.

8. "Father to Pharaoh." "His principal counselor of state, and to have the authority, respect and power of a father with him."

9. "Go up to my father." "He desires that his father might speedily be made glad with the tidings of his life and honor."

10. "Land of Goshen." Probably this district had been allotted to Joseph by the king of Egypt, else we can scarcely think he could have promised it so positively, without first obtaining Pharaoh's consent. Goshen was a part of Egypt, east of the Nile, well watered and fit for cattle, and therefore most proper for the Israelites, not only for present use, but also that in God's time they might with the least disadvantage return to Canaan. It was very fertile, for it was stated to be the best of the land of Egypt.

11. "Nourish thee." It is the duty of children, if the necessity of their parents does at any time require it, to support and supply them to the utmost of their ability. "And thy household." In verse 18 Joseph speaks of "their households," showing that each of the patriarchs had now his own family, besides the still larger family belonging to Jacob.

12. "My mouth." Up to this time he had spoken to them through an interpreter, but now he speaks in the Hebrew tongue.

13. "All my glory." He enjoins this not out of pride, but from love to his aged father, knowing what pleasure it would give him. It would also be an assurance to his father that the promises made could be carried out, and it would make it easier for the ten sons to confess the crime and deceit of the past. "Ye shall haste." It had been twenty-two years since Joseph had seen his father, and it was only natural for him to ask them to hasten their journey.

14. "His brother." Benjamin was the only one who was full brother to Joseph.

15. "Kissed all his brethren." As a token of love and forgiveness. "Talked with him." They were now at rest, the past forgiven, the present full of hope, and they could now tell the thousand things Joseph wished to know about them, and learn his history from him so as to repeat the marvelous tale to his father.

Threatened Strike of Domestic.

Berlin, Germany, is threatened with a strike of domestics. The woman servants show a tendency toward social democracy. Recently they have been meeting in public assemblies to denounce the existing system of hiring, to claim higher wages (a cook can now be had for \$5 a month), more free time and a larger liberty in the way of social intercourse with friends of the opposite sex. A big revolt is predicted in the spring.

Large Contract For Watches.

An American firm has agreed to deliver 2,000,000 watches during the next year.

W. L. DOUGLAS

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W. L. Douglas \$4 Gilt Edge Line—Not to be Equaled at Any Price. For more than a quarter of a century the reputation of W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort and wear has exceeded all other makes sold at these prices. This excellent reputation has been won by merit alone. W. L. Douglas shoes have to give better satisfaction than other \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes because his reputation for the best \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes must be maintained. The standard has always been placed so high that the wearer receives more value for his money in the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than he can get elsewhere. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the world. Fast Color—Evelite used. W. L. Douglas \$3 and \$3.50 shoes are made of the same high grade leathers used in \$5 and \$8 shoes, and are just as good in every way.

Sold by 55 Douglas stores in American cities selling direct from factory to wearer at one profit; and the best shoe dealers everywhere.

Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. Shoes sent anywhere on receipt of price and size. Additional for carriage. Take measurements of foot as shown; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium, or light soles.

W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

CATALOG FREE.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 2 3/4 c. per quart.

BUTTER.

Creamery—West, extra	19	@	21 1/4
Firsts	17	@	21
Seconds	17	@	18 1/4
State dairy, tubs, extra	20	@	20 1/4
Imitation creamery	14	@	17 1/4
Factory finest	12 1/2	@	15 1/4
Low grades	12 1/2	@	13 1/4

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy	9 1/4	@	9 1/4
Small	10	@	10 1/4
Part skims, good to prime	6 1/4	@	7 1/4
Full skims	1 1/2	@	2 1/4

EGGS.

Jersey—Fancy	24	@	26
State and Penn.	24	@	26
Western—Choice	21	@	21 1/2

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, choice, 1901	—	@	2 75
Red, choice	—	@	2 10
Red kidney, choice	—	@	2 60
Green peas, bags	—	@	1 30

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, King, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 50
Greening, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 50
Ben Davis, per bbl.	3 00	@	4 00
Baldwin, per bbl.	3 00	@	3 50
Pears, Seckel, per bbl.	2 50	@	4 50
Kieffer, per bbl.	1 00	@	2 25
Bartlett, per bbl.	2 25	@	4 00
Grapes, Del., per basket	12	@	15
Niagara, per basket	9	@	14
Concord, per basket	7	@	8
Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl.	4 50	@	6 50
Quinces, per bbl.	2 50	@	3 50

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, per lb.	9	@	9 1/4
Spring turkeys, per lb.	8 1/2	@	9
Roosters, per lb.	—	@	5 1/4
Turkeys, per lb.	8	@	16
Ducks, per pair	55	@	62
Geese, per pair	1 12	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair	—	@	13

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb.	8	@	13
Fowls, Western, per lb.	7	@	9
Broilers, Phila., per lb.	11	@	20
Ducks, L. I., per lb.	—	@	15
Geese, Eastern, per lb.	11	@	15
Squabs, per dozen	1 25	@	2 75

HOPS.

State, 1901, choice, per lb.	—	@	15
1900, choice	—	@	12
Pacific coast, 1901, choice	—	@	15
1900, choice	—	@	12
1900, common to prime	8	@	11
Old odds	1	@	3

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, per 100 lb.	90	@	92 1/2
No. 1, per 100 lb.	82 1/2	@	85
No. 2, per 100 lb.	75	@	77 1/2
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	60	@	62 1/2
Straw, long rye	65	@	85

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl.	1 37	@	1 87
Long Island, per bbl.	2 25	@	2 50
Sweets, N. J., per bbl.	—	@	1 75
Onions, State, per bag	2 25	@	2 75
Orange Co., per bag	75	@	2 50
Connecticut, red, per bbl	—	@	2 75
Cabbages, per 100	2 50	@	3 50
Turnips, per bbl.	75	@	90
Tomatoes, per box	40	@	75
String beans, per basket	60	@	1 00
Egg plant, per bbl.	3 50	@	4 50
Peppers, per bbl.	40	@	1 25
Squash, per bbl.	1 00	@	1 25
Peas, per basket	1 25	@	1 75
Cucumbers, per bbl.	3 00	@	6 50
Celery, per dozen	20	@	35
Lima beans, per bag	50	@	1 00
Cauliflower, L. I., per bbl.	1 00	@	3 00
Brussels sprouts, per qt.	5	@	13

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter patents	3 50	@	3 75
Spring patents	3 65	@	3 85
Wheat—No. 1 N. Chicago	—	@	76 1/4
No. 2 red	—	@	77
Corn—No. 2	—	@	61 1/4
Oats—No. 2 white	—	@	42
Track mixed	38 1/2	@	40
Rye—Western	60	@	60 1/4
State	55	@	56
Lard, city	—	@	9.10c.

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	5 1/2	@	9 1/4
Calves, city dressed	8	@	11 1/4
Country dressed	8	@	10
Sheep, per 100 lb.	2 50	@	3 50
Lambs, per 100 lb.	4 50	@	5 13
Hogs, live, per 100 lb.	5 55	@	6 55
Country dressed, per lb.	8 1/4	@	9

WORLD'S WHEAT CROP.

Larger Than For Two Years. European Estimates Agree.

Washington, D. C.—The Department of Agriculture announces that the three most important estimates of the world's wheat crop of 1901 so far made agree that the crop is larger by a mean estimate of 175,000,000 bushels than that of either of the two preceding years.

The estimates follow: Hungarian Ministry of Agriculture, 2,671,360,000 bushels of sixty pounds; Beerholm's corn list of London, 2,711,600,000 bushels of sixty pounds and Bulletin des Halles de Paris, 2,700,310,000 Winchester bushels. The principal increase is credited to the United States, Canada and India.

Official reports from the Russian Ministry of Finance state that not for a long time have meteorological conditions in Russia been so unfavorable to the cereal crops.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Balance of Trade in Our Favor in Nine Months of \$399,270,546.

Washington, D. C.—The imports of merchandise for the month of September were valued at \$167,800,405, being an increase of \$7,731,805, compared with the same month last year, and the exports at \$106,895,274, a falling off of \$9,006,448.

For the nine months ended September 30, the imports were valued at \$646,657,728, or \$22,490,295 greater than those for the corresponding period of last year, and the exports at \$1,046,228,274, which exceeds by \$14,264,036 those for the same months of 1900 and by \$143,450,774 those for the like period of 1899. The balance of trade in favor of the United States for the nine months was \$399,270,546.

Electric Lights in "Great Houses."

Norfolk House has been fitted with electric light. One by one the great houses of London are abandoning, even in their drawing rooms, the ancient glories of wax candles—in old days one of the chief expenses of entertaining. When the Duke was in Rome at the beginning of the year and found that the electrician had been called, not only into the Vatican, but into St. Peter's itself, he probably felt that one great house in St. James's Square must really at last fall into line.—London Chronicle.

A Lunatic as Jurymen.

An extraordinary incident has occurred in Dublin. A patient escaped from the Richmond Lunatic Asylum, and while wandering about the city was summoned on a Coroner's jury by the police, and assisted in finding a verdict. The lunatic has since been captured and taken back to the asylum.

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SOZODONT for the TEETH 25c

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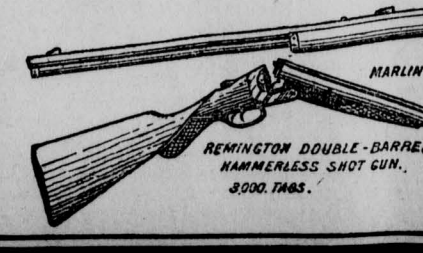
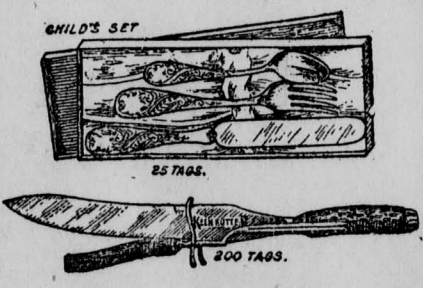
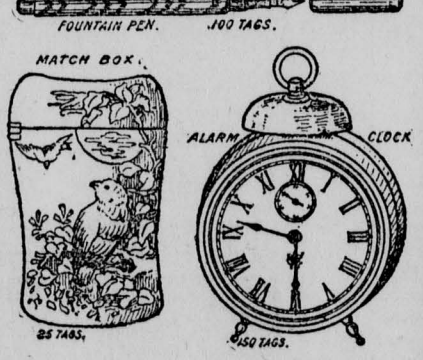
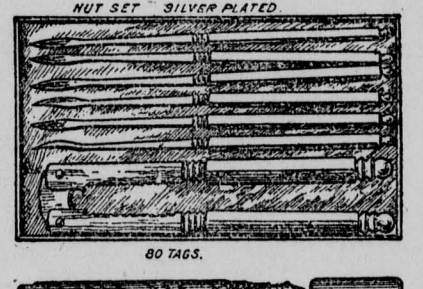
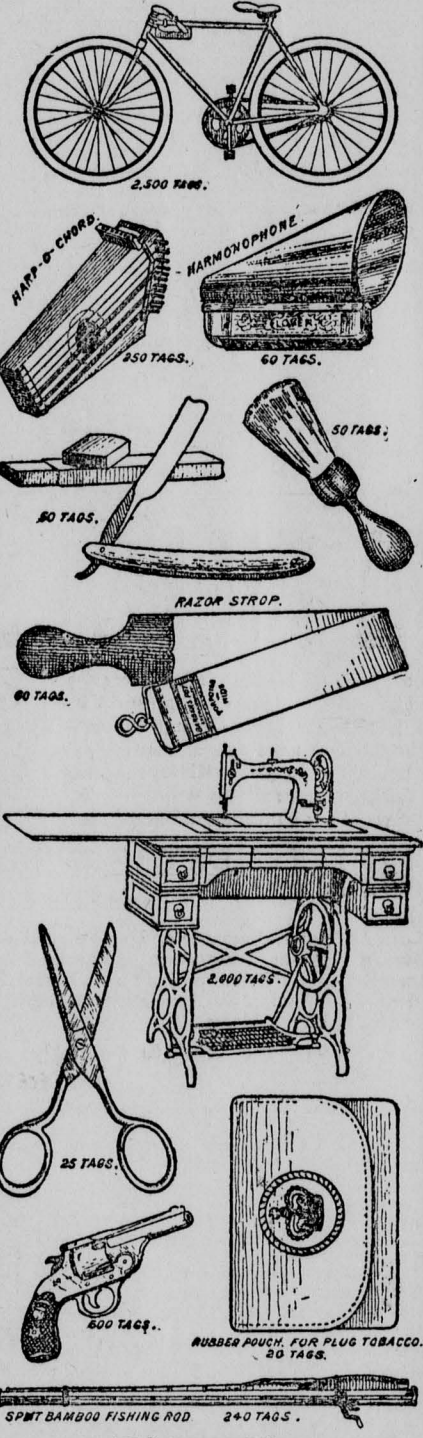
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NOV. 30TH

FROM

1902.



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"J. T."
"BOOT JACK"
"PIPER HEIDSIECK"
"DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF
"PLANET"
"NEPTUNE"
"STAR"
"HORSE SHOE"
"OLD PEACH & HONEY"
"NOBBY SPUN ROLL"

"E. Rice, Greenville," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," "Master Workman," "Sickle," "Brandywine," "Razor," "Tennessee Cross Tie," "Ole Varginy," "Granger Twist."

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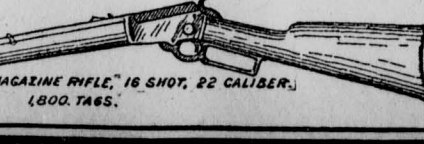
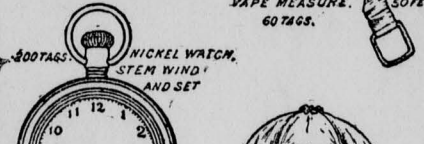
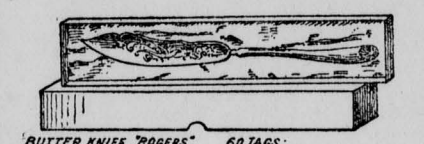
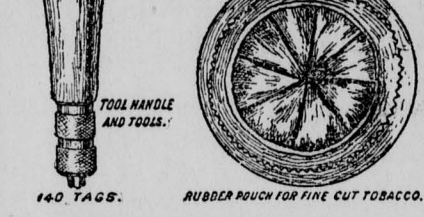
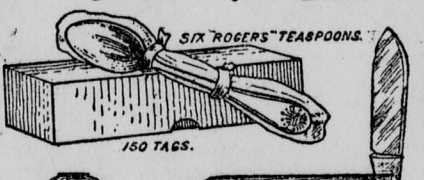
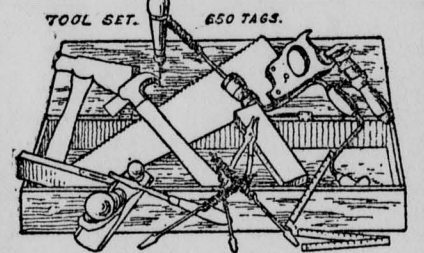
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CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Oct. 27.—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

Topic.—Bible reading. "I will make it the rule of my life to read the Bible every day."—II Tim. iii, 1-17.

The Christian Endeavor movement has done nothing more worthy of lasting praise than its work in reference to the Bible. It has revolutionized Bible reading with many who were Christians before they became Christian Endeavorers. It has caused the Bible to become most precious to many who scarcely ever looked at it before they pledged themselves to read it every day. This clause of the pledge has resulted in no end of good, and even after 20 years too much emphasis cannot be placed upon it. It has resulted in a tremendous impetus being given to daily Bible reading, and this was and is much to be desired.

The importance and necessity of daily Bible reading should scarcely need to be impressed upon Christian people, and yet, sad to say, it does need to be. The Bible is not read daily as it ought to be. Daily Bible reading is even more neglected than daily prayer. In infancy and childhood we are taught to pray unto God daily, and that habit is seldom ever given up, even though we may wander far away from God. But how few children are taught to read the Bible daily! Alas, how few Christian parents read the Bible daily themselves! Yet what better inheritance could we give our children than the habit of daily communion with God through His word? Timothy had been trained in the word of God from childhood, and when he became a man he continued in the things which he had heard, which made him wise unto salvation. So should all God's children be taught, and so should they continue when they have come to manhood and womanhood.

Daily Bible reading is commended in the Scriptures and the blessings of it emphasized. In Num. vi, 6-9, the people of God are practically enjoined to constantly be in touch with His word, to teach it diligently, to make it the subject of conversation and of thought at home and abroad, in lying down and in rising up. Everywhere and always necessarily include each day. The psalmist says of the blessed man that "his delight is in the law of the Lord, and in His law doth he meditate day and night." Paul declares that the Bereans were more noble than the Thessalonians "in that they received the word with all readiness of mind and searched the Scriptures daily whether these things were so."

How can we neglect daily Bible reading? The Bible is the inspired, infallible word of God. It presents to us Jesus Christ, the bread and water of our spiritual lives. It is "the sword of the Spirit," by which alone we can overcome the temptations that daily and hourly come to us. We need it every day. It will help us every day. It makes us "wise unto salvation through faith, which is in Christ Jesus." It is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness, that the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnished unto all good works.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have a testimony meeting in which each one testifies as to the helpfulness of daily Bible reading.

BIBLE READINGS.

Deut. vi, 6-9; Ps. i, 1, 2; xix, 7, 8; cxlix, 97-112; Isa. xxxiv, 16; Luke iv, 16-21; xxiv, 13-27; John v, 39; Acts, xvii, 10, 11; Eph. vi, 17; Heb. iv, 12.

Do Not Despond.

Do not despond. However rough and uneven the crossings of your earth life may seem, you must look forward to a pleasant harbor at the termination of your journey. You will then be repaid for all obstructions. We are walking in darkness now, but then we shall see clearly. We can take a glance in the mirror of the past and notice that we have often taken the wrong path. The present is hastily glanced at, but the mirror of the future no eye can gaze in, no hand can grasp, but the hand of time. He alone holds the key that will unlock the door. Meanwhile you must cultivate faith, trusting that your darkness will be made light in the day of His appearing.—Religious Telescope.

Christian Contentment.

Christian contentment creates cheerfulness of mind and brightens every condition in life. It secures the divine favor, love and blessing. It fosters conscientiousness, conserves morals and delivers from numerous temptations and ills. Thus viewed it is a prize worthy of every honest effort, a golden crown which should circle every brow, a glory which should adorn every character and a treasure which should enrich every life.—Presbyterian.

God and Daily Life.

He who never connects God with his daily life knows nothing of the spiritual meaning and uses of life—nothing of the calm, strong patience with which all may be endured; of the gentle, tender comfort which the Father's love can minister; of the blessed rest to be realized in His forgiving love, His tender fatherhood; of the deep, peaceful sense of the Infinite One ever near, a refuge and a strength.—Dean Farrar.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Ending Oct. 27,

"Habit of Daily Bible Reading."

Text, Acts xvii, 10-12.

"Searched the Scriptures daily whether these things were so."

The example of the people of Berea is worthy of imitation.

They had a desire to know religious truth and were open to receive new impulses and enlightenment. Paul and Silas told them that Jesus of Nazareth was the Messiah expected of the Jews and predicted in their sacred books. It was a startling announcement. It needed careful investigation. They entered upon it earnestly; they kept it up persistently and conducted it intelligently. Daily they searched the writings of their holy religion to find if Jesus was the Christ. No other course was so sure to yield the desired knowledge and bring decision.

The same thing is true today. No other course will so greatly aid in development of Christian character and activity as daily searching of the Bible.

What is the most helpful way to use the Bible?

No one method is sufficient. Each one of several should be used at different times, as occasion requires.

First.—We need it as an aid to devotion. The rush of business, home cares and social duties crowd religious thoughts and exercises too much from the mind. But healthy soul life is as needful as sound bodies and minds. We must have food for thought, affection and devoted determination. Some time reserved each day for Bible feeding is needful to every growing Christian. Read carefully those parts which cultivate a spirit of loving obedience, trustfulness and loyalty to Christ and the Father.

Second.—We need it as a guide in practical duties of life. For this end we sweep a wider circle in reading. Precept, example, exhortation, confession, history, law, epistle—all are aids in this matter.

Most people are impatient of criticism, though their actions and words may seem to their friends so clearly lacking in elements of Christian consistency. If such will read the Bible faithfully, they will find the mirror held up to their own lives and will recognize the imperfections others see, but which have never before been realized by their owners. No correction and no teacher is as faithful, impartial, patient and persistent as this Bible studied under the guidance of the Holy Spirit.

Third.—We should also read the Bible for its history, literature and biography. The most thorough students are most deeply impressed by its value. Modern scholarship has opened new fields in the search of fascinating interest. Some of their conjectures are startling, but the outcome of all investigation has been to establish on firmer foundation than ever before the fact that these writings are valuable above all others the world has for religion.

If you would grow in grace and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, do not neglect to study your Bible constantly.

Power Against Sin.

We have no power against a sin until we are able to see that it is forbidden by one of the commandments of the word of God. But having realized that it is so forbidden we at once have great power against it, the Lord's own omnipotent power which He gives in His commandments. It could not be that in the letter of the word there should be forbidden every sin of love, thought and deed to which man is heir, but when the light is allowed to shine forth out of the earthen covering then it will be seen that there is not one sin we are ever tempted to do but has its warning commandment. "Thou shalt not," in the word.—Helper.

This Life and the Next.

In considering the relations of this life to the next, of the life that now is to the life that is coming, the first thing of which note must be taken is the continuity of life; that there really is but one life; that death is not a break in the soul's existence, but only an experience in its continuous life. Death is like sleep in that we live while we sleep. We live right on through a night's repose into a new morning; so we live right on through death into the new day and the new world.—Universalist.

Creeping Up the Stairs.

In the softly falling twilight
Of a weary, weary day,
With a quiet step I entered
Where the children were at play.
I was brooding o'er some trouble
Which had me unawares,
When a little voice came ringing,
"Me is creeping up the stairs."
Step by step she bravely clambered
On her little hands and knees,
Keeping up a constant chattering
Like a magpie in the trees,
Till at last she reached the topmost,
When o'er all her world's affairs
She, delighted, stood a victor
After creeping up the stairs.
Painting heart, behold an image
Of man's brief and struggling life,
Whose best prizes must be captured
With a noble, earnest strife.
Far above there is the glory
Which no sinfulness impairs,
With its rest and joy forever,
After creeping up life's stairs.
—Christian Herald.

Hugo Mayer's Golden Eagle Clothing Hall.

Clothing That Stands the Test.

Never was the cordial relationship between Quality and Price so finely illustrated as in the offerings with which we open the season, and still continue, as the culmination of the ready-to-wear tailor's art at a popular price.

Men's, Youths' and Children's Suits.

We've every sort for each that any sort of person might want or that any sort of purse could afford to pay for. Men's Suits range in price from \$5.00 to \$20.00. Youths' Suits are here from \$4.00 to \$16.50. Boys' and Children's Suits start at 98 cents. They stop at \$6.50. We have a beautiful assortment of Russian Blouse Suits and Overcoats for boys 3 to 7 years old and the prices are right.

Men's, Youths' and Children's Overcoats.

We think we deserve to sell you an Overcoat this fall and you will think so too if you take the time to come in and look at our offerings in this line. Light, dark and medium colors. Long, short and medium lengths. Heavy, medium and light weights, and all priced within reach of any size purse.

Wright's Fleece Lined Health Underwear.

For warmth, comfort and durability we recommend these goods in preference to any other kind. We have this make in five different grades which we sell at 75c., \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 per garment, either shirt or drawers. These goods are all wool, fleece lined and absorb perspiration, it is comfortable and warm, both in and out doors. Call and examine them. We also have an immense big line of 50-cent Underwear, also 37½ cent and 25 cent goods.

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For the accommodation of our patrons and others we keep our store open until 9.30 every night and 10.30 Saturday nights.

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